

# **User Manual**

**United States Edition** 



Model Dx-04 With Version 5.0.0 Software



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## 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Dark Adaptation

Dark adaptation is the process of the eyes adjusting to low levels of illumination. During dark adaptation the sensitivity of the eye to light is increased. The two major components of dark adaptation are dilation of the pupil and photochemical alterations of the retina.

For measurement of dark adaptation with the AdaptDx®, the patient is exposed to a bright flash followed by a dim adaptation stimulus. The intensity of the adaptation stimulus is gradually extinguished while the patient sits in complete darkness. The just-detectible stimulus intensity and the time at which it is detected are periodically recorded to generate a dark adaptation threshold curve, and the speed of dark adaption recovery is characterized by a proprietary parameter called the Rod Intercept<sup>TM</sup>.

#### 1.2 AdaptDx Intended Use

The AdaptDx is an AC powered, automated adaptometer (biophotometer) intended to measure the time for retinal adaptation after exposure to an adapting light.

#### **1.3** AdaptDx Limitations of Use

The AdaptDx is not suitable for use with patients who are unable to follow simple instructions, operate a response button, or maintain attention for the anticipated duration of the test. The AdaptDx is not suitable for use with patients who are unable to perform the AdaptDx Practice Test (see Section 4.2).

#### 1.4 Caution

Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician or other eye care professional.

#### 1.5 Warning

The AdaptDx is not intended to be used in the diagnosis or screening of any specific ocular disease.

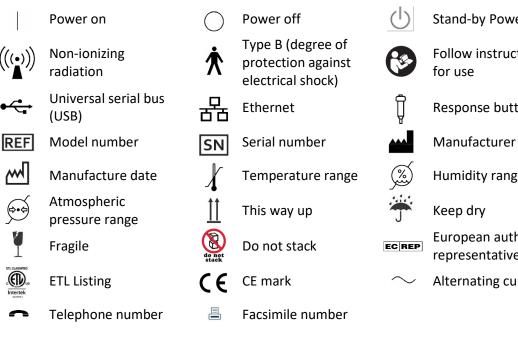
#### **1.6** Essential Performance

When the AdaptDx is properly connected to the AC power supply with the supplied electrical cable, the AdaptDx has no features that would be deemed an un-acceptable risk if it malfunctioned. Therefore, there is no essential performance associated with the AdaptDx.

## 1.7 AdaptDx Specifications

Photobleaching Subsystem Mechanism Bleaching Wavelength Bleaching Range	flash 505 nm 20% to 95% effective bleach (0.01 to 6,000 scot lx sec)
<u>Stimulus Subsystem</u> Stimulus Wavelength Stimulus Duration Stimulus Size Stimulus Location Maximum Stimulus Intensity Dynamic Range of Stimulus	505 nm 100 to 300 msec 2° 5°, 8.5° or 12° at eight azimuthal locations 7.4 scot mlx 10 <sup>5</sup>
Patient Alignment Fixation Wavelength Fixation Intensity Viewing Distance	635 nm 3.6 phot mlx 30 cm
Operation Maximum Test Duration	1 to 100 min
<u>General</u> Dimensions Weight Electrical Specifications Fuse Ratings	43 cm (height) x 58 cm (width) x 56 cm (depth) 21 kg 100-240VAC, 50-60Hz, 2.25A FST 5x20, 250V, 2.5A, T, L (quantity two)
<u>Environmental Requirements</u> Operating	+10° C to +35° C 20% to 80% RH (noncondensing) 700 hPa to 1,060 hPA
Transport and Storage	-20° C to +65° C 20% RH to 80% RH (noncondensing) 500 hPa to 1,060 hPA

#### 1.8 **Symbol Definitions**



Stand-by Power

**Follow** instructions for use

**Response button** 

Humidity range

Keep dry

European authorized representative

Alternating current

## 2 Installation & Setup

#### 2.1 AdaptDx System Components



The AdaptDx system consists of the following four components:

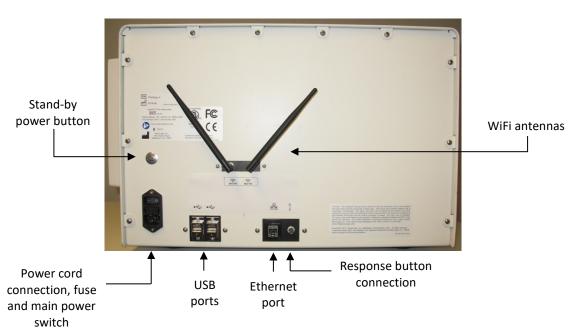
- AdaptDx Dark Adaptometer
- Response Button
- Power Cord
- WiFi Antennas

The following items are optional accessories:

- Power Table
- Adjustable Patient Chair
- Operator Chair
- Keyboard
- Printer
- Ethernet Cable
- Full Aperture Trial Lens Set

The following item is a customer-supplied disposable:

• Eye Patches



Back of AdaptDx

There are two steps to setting up the AdaptDx:

<u>Step 1</u> – Plug the Response Button cord into the jack receptacle on the back of the AdaptDx (labeled "response button connection" in the picture above).

<u>Step 2</u> – Plug one end of the Power Cord into the power cord receptacle on the back of the AdaptDx (labeled "power cord connection" in the picture above). It is recommended that the other end of the power cord is plugged into a battery-backed outlet of an uninterruptable power supply (UPS) or a power-surge protector. This is important in order to avoid damage that may occur as a result of power disruption. A UPS provides the greatest protection from sudden power surges and is the recommended method of power.

The following additional steps are needed when connecting to optional accessories:

<u>Optional Step 1</u> – If a Keyboard is being used, plug the Keyboard cord into either of the two USB ports on the back of the AdaptDx (labeled "USB ports" in the picture above). This Keyboard may be used interchangeably with the on-screen keyboard and keypads. Only those keys which are present on the on-screen displays may be used.

<u>Optional Step 2</u> – If the AdaptDx is being connected to a dedicated Printer, plug one end of the Ethernet Cable into the Ethernet port on the back of the AdaptDx (labeled "Ethernet port" in the picture above) and the other end directly into the Ethernet port on the dedicated Printer. See Section 5.5.3 for further step-by-step instructions required to complete the Printer connection and print a test page.

<u>Optional Step 3</u> – If the AdaptDx is being connected to a shared Printer on a local area network, plug one end of the Ethernet Cable into the Ethernet port on the back of the AdaptDx (labeled "Ethernet port" in the picture above) and the other end into an Ethernet port on the local area network. Alternatively, the Wireless Network Adapter may be configured to allow the AdaptDx to connect to the local area network wirelessly. See Section 5.5.3 for further step-by-step instructions required to complete the Printer connection and print a test page.

No software installation or configuration is necessary. All software needed for operation of the AdaptDx was preloaded and configured at the factory.

WARNING: To avoid damage or malfunction, do not power on the AdaptDx before it reaches its specified operating temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure (see Section 1.7).

#### User Tips

- The AdaptDx should be installed in a testing room that can be **completely** darkened. Ideally, the testing room walls should be painted a dark color and there should be no windows. If there are windows, they should be completely covered, with the covering sealed around the edges. Doors should be sealed around the edges and bottom (e.g., with weather stripping) to block any excessive light leakage into the room. Lighting on any other equipment in the testing room, such as display monitors, lit power on/off switches and status lights, should be turned off during dark adaptation testing or covered (e.g., with electrical tape or rubylith film).
- A red dark room lamp or a flashlight with a red filter may be used for operator convenience during testing without compromising the test results.
- It is recommended that the AdaptDx be mounted on a Power Table and the patient be seated in an Adjustable Patient Chair (both are optional accessories not included with the basic AdaptDx system) to facilitate patient alignment and comfort (see Section 4.2.4).
- When lifting or moving the AdaptDx, place hands underneath the base plate. Do not use the front or display bezels as hand holds. It is recommended that the AdaptDx be lifted by two people.

#### 2.3 AdaptDx Startup/Shutdown



Back of AdaptDx

**Startup** – To start up the system, power on the AdaptDx and the optional Printer (if connected). The AdaptDx and Printer can be powered on in any order. The main power switch must be in the on position (1 is depressed) and may remain in this position indefinitely. The stand-by power button is momentarily pressed to power on the device. Powering on these two devices will automatically result in the AdaptDx reaching a fully operational state with the Home screen appearing on the Monitor, ready for use.

**Shutdown** – To shut down the system, power down the AdaptDx by momentarily pressing the stand-by power button and the optional Printer (if connected). The AdaptDx and Printer can be powered off in any order. Powering off these two devices will automatically shut down the AdaptDx software. The AdaptDx can be shut down from any operator screen. There is no separate shut down for the software nor is there a need to first return to the Home screen. The main power switch of the AdaptDx may remain in the on position.

#### User Tips

- If nothing appears on the Monitor after startup, adjust the brightness level by rotating the Brightness Adjustment Knob on the right side of the Monitor housing (see Section 4.2.5).
- It is not necessary to shut down the AdaptDx at the end of a testing session. The AdaptDx and Printer can be left powered on indefinitely without harm to the system or significant impact on its lifetime.
- When there is a need to disconnect the AdaptDx from the power receptacle, first power down the AdaptDx using the standby power button. Once the shutdown has completed, switch the main power switch to the off position and proceed with disconnecting the power cord from the receptacle.

## **3** Overview of Operation

Measurement of dark adaptation with the AdaptDx starts by exposing the test eye to a mild camera flash to pre-condition the retina to a standard, photobleached state. The patient is then asked to focus on a fixation light and indicate with a response button when a stimulus light appears in his peripheral vision. Stimulus lights are presented at a fixed location using a pattern of generally decreasing intensities to determine visual sensitivity recovery. Specifically, starting at a relatively bright intensity, stimulus lights are presented very briefly at intervals of 2 to 3 seconds. The intensity of the stimulus presentations remains unchanged until the patient responds. It is then decreased for each successive presentation until the patient stops responding. At that point, it is increased for each successive presentation until the patient once again responds. The final intensity in this sequence is defined as a sensitivity threshold, completing the cycle. After a short break, a new cycle begins at a stimulus light intensity slightly brighter than the previous threshold. Approximately one threshold is determined per minute for the duration of the test. After the test is completed, the AdaptDx uses a plot of thresholds vs. time to calculate a proprietary parameter called the Rod Intercept. The Rod Intercept is the time in minutes at which the visual sensitivity recovery crosses three log units of recovery. This is a point when visual sensitivity recovery is completely rod-mediated. The Rod Intercept characterizes the visual sensitivity recovery rate, or dark adaptation speed. Testing is conducted in a darkened room on a single eye at a time.

The overall testing procedure consists of the following steps:

- Refract test eye (to determine appropriate trial lenses)
- Enter patient information in AdaptDx (name, age, gender, etc.)
- Patch non-test eye
- Place appropriate trial lenses in AdaptDx (if needed)
- Align patient to AdaptDx
- Enter test information in AdaptDx (protocol, test eye, pupil size, etc.)
- Conduct demonstration test with AdaptDx\*
- Conduct actual test with AdaptDx<sup>+</sup>

\*Typically less than two minutes.

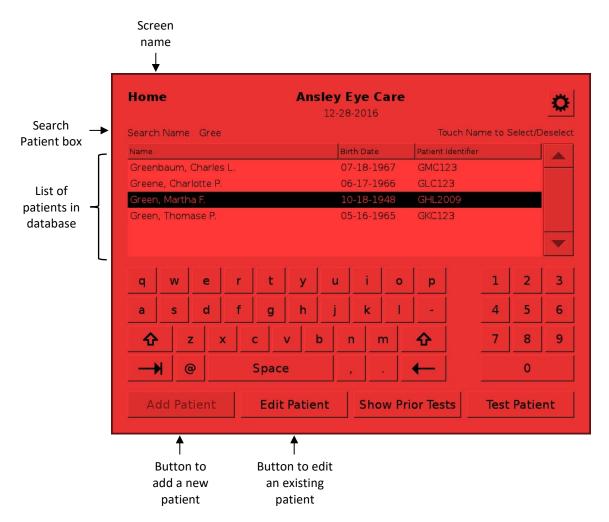
<sup>+</sup>From one to 100 minutes depending on the test protocol selected; typically five minutes for a Rapid Test and fifteen minutes for an Extended Test.

These procedures are described in detail in this User Manual.

## 4 Detailed Operating Instructions

#### 4.1 Entering Patient Information

4.1.1 Overview



The AdaptDx maintains a database of basic patient information such as name, date of birth, and gender. Patient information can be entered separately from patient testing or as part of the testing procedure. For example, an eye care practice may want to enter information for all of its new patients at the start of the day, or it may want to enter information immediately prior to testing while the patient is present to confirm accuracy.

As illustrated above, the Home screen displays a scrollable list of all patients in the database. Typing all or part of a patient's name in the Search Patient box above the list narrows the display to matching entries. Pressing a name in the list selects that patient for editing.

Patient information can be entered two ways:

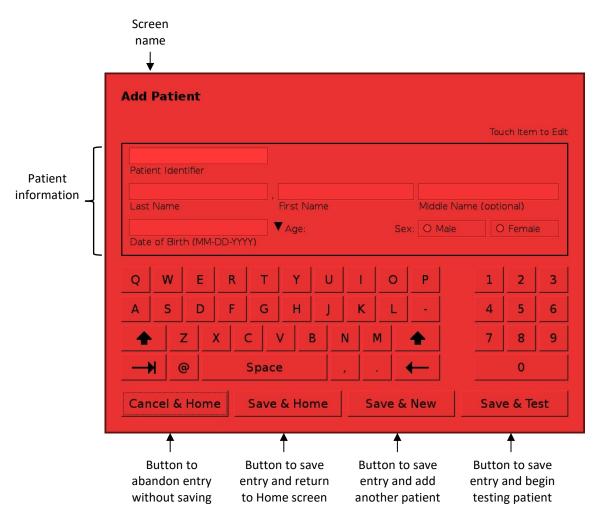
<u>Add Patient</u> – Press the Add Patient button at the bottom of the screen to add a new patient to the AdaptDx database (see Section 4.1.2).

<u>Edit Patient</u> – Press the Edit Patient button at the bottom of the screen to update information for an existing patient (see Section 4.1.3). The Edit Patient button will not become active until a patient is selected for editing by pressing a name in the scrollable display.

#### User Tips

• The display of patient names lists only the most recent name associated with a Patient Identifier. If a patient's name is changed—for example to correct a misspelling or when the patient gets married—all information for that patient will be linked to the new name.

#### 4.1.2 Add Patient



The Add Patient screen is accessed from the Home screen (see Section 4.1.1). It is used to add a new patient to the AdaptDx database.

Entering Patient Information – There are five required fields and one optional field:

- Patient Identifier (required) sometimes called Medical Record Number
- Last Name (required)
- First Name (required)
- Middle Name (optional) can be full middle name, middle initial or left blank
- Date of Birth (required) must be entered in MM-DD-YYYY format
- Gender (required)

The Patient Identifier is unique to a single patient. Attempts to reuse or enter a duplicate Patient Identifier will not be allowed. Pressing the triangle to the right of the Date of Birth field launches a date picker to facilitate entry. The patient's age is automatically calculated by the AdaptDx and displayed next to the Date of Birth.

Four actions can be taken after entry of patient information:

<u>Cancel & Home</u> – Press the Cancel & Home button at the bottom of the screen to abandon the entered patient information without saving it and return to the Home screen.

<u>Save & Home</u> – Press the Save & Home button at the bottom of the screen to save the entered patient information and return to the Home screen.

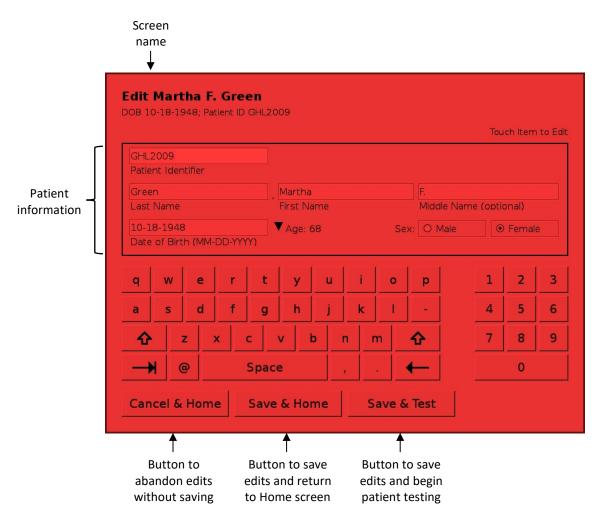
<u>Save & New</u> – Press the Save & New button at the bottom of the screen to save the entered patient information and clear all fields on the Add Patient screen for addition of another new patient.

<u>Save & Test</u> – Press the Save & Test button at the bottom of the screen to save the entered patient information and proceed immediately to testing of the patient just added to the database (see Section 4.2).

#### User Tips

- Upon entering the Add Patient screen, the Patient Identifier field will initially be active. Pressing the "tab" key at the lower left of the press screen keyboard will advance to the next field. Alternately, a field can be made active by pressing it.
- Entries can be corrected by pressing on the field to be corrected and using the "backspace" key at the lower right of the press screen keyboard to erase the entry.

#### 4.1.3 Edit Patient



The Edit Patient screen is accessed from the Home screen (see Section 4.1.1). It is used to update information for an existing patient. As illustrated above, the name of the patient selected for editing is displayed at the top of the screen, and the information fields are pre-populated with the current database information.

Editing Patient Information – There are six fields that can be edited:

- Patient Identifier (required) sometimes called Medical Record Number
- Last Name (required)
- First Name (required)
- Middle Name (optional) can be full middle name, middle initial or left blank
- Date of Birth (required) must be entered in MM-DD-YYYY format
- Gender (required)

The Patient Identifier is unique to a single patient. Attempts to reuse or enter a duplicate Patient Identifier will not be allowed. Pressing the triangle to the right of the Date of Birth field launches a date picker to facilitate entry. The patient's age is automatically calculated by the AdaptDx and displayed next to the Date of Birth.

Three actions can be taken after editing patient information:

<u>Cancel & Home</u> – Press the Cancel & Home button at the bottom of the screen to abandon the edits without saving them and return to the Home screen.

<u>Save & Home</u> – Press the Save & Home button at the bottom of the screen to save the edits and return to the Home screen.

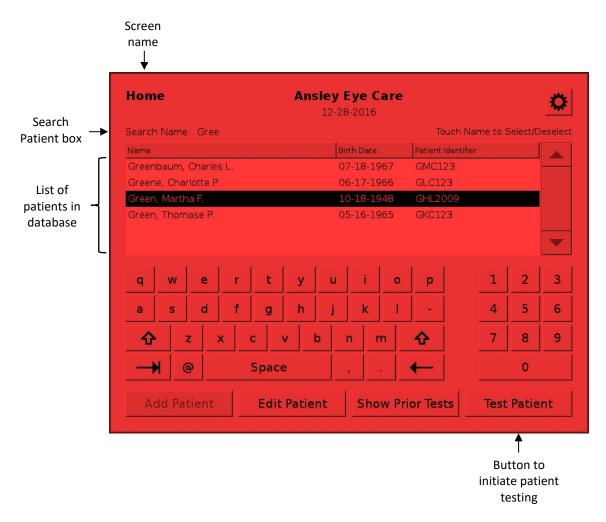
<u>Save & Test</u> – Press the Save & Test button at the bottom of the screen to save the edits and proceed immediately to testing of the patient just edited (see Section 4.2).

#### User Tips

- Upon entering the Edit Patient screen, the Patient Identifier field will initially be active. Pressing the "tab" key at the lower left of the press screen keyboard will advance to the next field. Alternately, a field can be made active by pressing it.
- Entries can be corrected by pressing on the field to be corrected and using the "backspace" key at the lower right of the press screen keyboard to erase the entry.

#### 4.2 Preparation for Testing





Testing is initiated from the Home screen (illustrated above) by selection of the patient to be tested.

<u>Select Patient</u> – As illustrated above, the Home screen displays a scrollable list of all patients in the AdaptDx database. Typing all or part of a patient's name in the Search Patient box above the list narrows the display to matching entries. Pressing a name in the list selects that patient. If the name of the patent to be tested does not appear in the scrollable display, it must be added to the AdaptDx database before proceeding (see Section 4.1.2).

<u>Proceed to Testing</u> – Press the Test Patient button at the bottom of the screen to proceed. The Test Patient button will not become active until a patient is selected from the scrollable display.

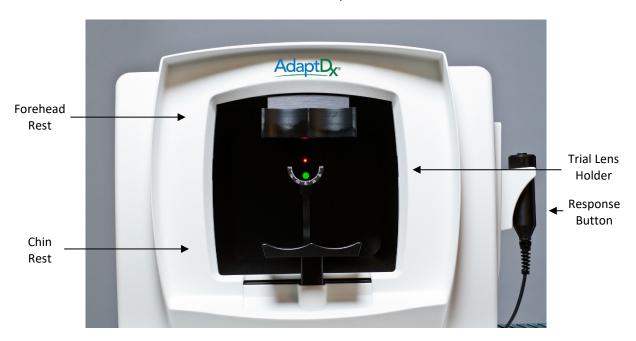
### User Tips

• The display of patient names lists only the most recent name associated with a Patient Identifier. If a patient's name is changed—for example to correct a misspelling or when the patient gets married—all information for that patient will be linked to the new name.

#### 4.2.2 Patient Preparation

Before bringing the patient to the AdaptDx, there are two preliminary steps needed to prepare for dark adaptation testing:

<u>Distance Refraction</u> – Patients should be refracted for distance at six meters. This is needed to determine appropriate corrective trial lenses to be used during dark adaptation testing.



Front of AdaptDx

After bringing the patient to the AdaptDx there are several additional steps needed to orient and position the patient:

<u>Demonstrate Response Button</u> – Demonstrate the operation of the Response Button to the patient. It can be held in whichever hand is most comfortable for the patient.

<u>Insert Corrective Trial Lenses</u> – If needed, insert appropriate full aperture trial lenses into the trial lens holder (see picture above). The trial lens calculator will be used to determine the trial lens(es) to be used during testing. The Trial Lens Calculator is described in Section 4.2.3. Test Set Up.

<u>Patch Non-Test Eye</u> – An Eye Patch should be placed over the non-test eye. The Eye Patch should be disposable and have foam around the edges of the patch to completely occlude the eye. Eye Patches that allow light to be visible to the occluded eye along the patient's nose can cause invalid measurements. Ensure that the Eye Patch string is not on the lid of the test eye as this can cause discomfort and affect the test results.

<u>Position Patient</u> – The patient should be seated comfortably in front of the AdaptDx with chin resting on the chin rest and forehead firmly against the forehead rest (see picture above). Ensure that the height of the AdaptDx is appropriate for the patient by adjusting the height of the Power

Table (if available) and/or by adjusting the height of the Adjustable Patient Chair (if available). The patient will need to remain in this position throughout the test so comfort is important. Instruct the patient to keep his forehead firmly against the forehead rest and keep his mouth closed (teeth together, but not clenched) and look at the red fixation light at the back of the viewing tunnel throughout the test.



Right Side of AdaptDx

The final step before proceeding with testing is to align the test eye with the AdaptDx.

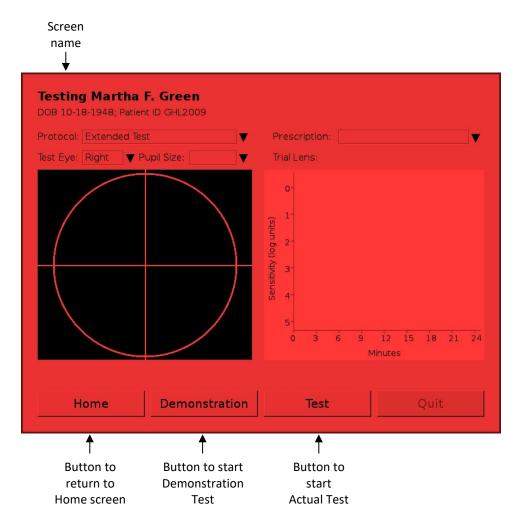
<u>Align Test Eye</u> – Use the Chin Rest Adjustment Switch on the side of the AdaptDx (see picture above) to move the test eye into gross alignment with the fixation light at the back of the viewing tunnel. After gross alignment, a close-up image of the patient's test eye should appear superimposed over an alignment cross hair on the left side of the Monitor (see picture above). Use the Chin Rest Adjustment Switch to fine tune the alignment by centering the test eye pupil over the alignment cross hair.

#### **User Tips**

- The Chin Rest Adjustment Switch has two speeds. Pressing the center button while also pressing a directional button (up/down/left/right) provides fast motion for gross adjustment. Pressing a directional button alone provides slow motion for fine adjustment.
- If the Monitor is too bright or too dim, adjust the brightness level by rotating the Brightness Adjustment Knob on the right side of the Monitor housing (see picture above).
- Full aperture or perimetry trial lenses should be used. Some older refractive lens sets have smaller apertures with a wide rim that can cause shadowing.

• All of the steps up until this point—AdaptDx startup, patient selection, patient preparation, test parameter set up, and test eye alignment—can be done with the room lights on. It is not necessary to turn off the room lights until right before starting the Demonstration Test (see Section 4.3).

#### 4.2.3 Test Set Up



The Testing screen is accessed from the Home screen (see Section 4.2.1). As illustrated above, the name of the patient selected for testing is displayed at the top of the screen.

Entering Test Parameters – There are three required fields and two optional fields:

- Protocol (required) defaults to last protocol used for patient being tested
- Test Eye (required) defaults to right eye
- Pupil Size (required) 2.0 mm to 10.0 mm
- Prescription (optional) Sph: -19.0 to +13.0, Cyl: -5.0 to +5.0, Axis: 0° to 180°

Protocol defaults to the last protocol used for the patient being tested (or the Rapid Test protocol for new patients – see below). Test Eye defaults to the right eye. Pressing the triangles to the right of these fields launches picker menus that allow the Protocol and Test Eye to be changed.

Pupil Size is initially blank. However, the diameter of the Test Eye pupil must be entered before proceeding to testing. Pressing the triangle to the right of this field launches a utility for automatic or manual measurement of Pupil Size (see Section 4.2.4).

Prescription (and Trial Lens) default to blank. To preserve a record of the test conditions, it is recommended—but not required—that prescription cylinder, sphere, and axis values be entered. A valid prescription entry will automatically determine and display the correct Trial Lens(es) that should be used during the testing. Pressing the triangle to the right of this field launches a popup menu to facilitate prescription entry.

<u>Protocols</u> – The AdaptDx provides two types of protocols:

- Standard Test Protocols are intended for routine clinical use in the assessment and monitoring
  of dark adaptation. Two Standard Test Protocols are pre-loaded on the AdaptDx before
  delivery. The first protocol, referred to as the "Rapid Test", provides a rapid assessment of
  dark adaptation speed. The Rapid Test takes approximately 5 minutes to complete. The
  second protocol, referred to as the "Extended Test", provides a detailed characterization of
  dark adaptation speed and a benchmark for monitoring changes over time. The Extended
  Test takes up to 20 minutes to complete.
- Custom Test Protocols are for custom user applications. Any number of Custom Test Protocols can be created to address specific user needs by varying the following parameters within the ranges indicated:

<u>Parameter</u>	Range	<u>Default</u>
Effective Bleach	20% to 95% (0.01 to 6,000 scot lx sec)	83% (673)
Starting Stimulus	0.0 to 5.0 log units (0 to 7.4 scot mlx)	1.0 (0.74)
Stimulus Duration	100 to 300 msec	200
Stimulus Location	5°, 8.5° or 12° at eight azimuths	5° below fixation
Rest Break Interval	0 to 60 sec	15
Maximum Test Duration	1 to 100 min	45

Custom Test Protocols can be added and edited using the Manage Protocol utilities (see Sections 5.3.2, 5.3.3 and 5.3.4).

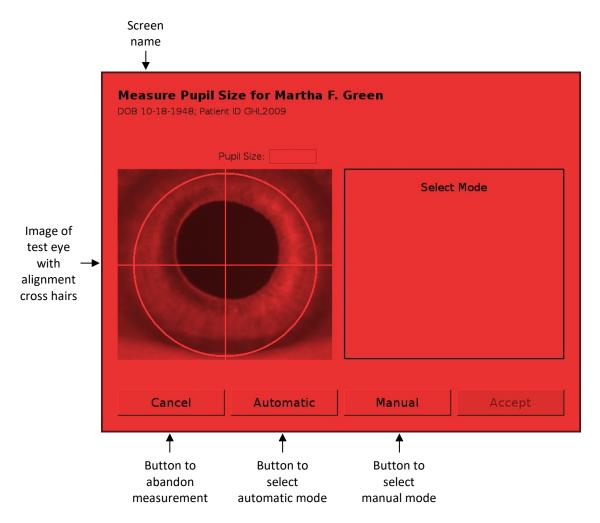
Three actions can be taken after completion of test parameter set up:

<u>Home</u> – Press the Home button at the bottom of the screen to abandon testing and return to the Home screen.

<u>Demonstration</u> – Press the Demonstration button at the bottom of the screen to proceed with a Demonstration Test (see Section 4.3).

<u>Test</u> – Press the Test button at the bottom of the screen to proceed with an Actual Test (see Section 4.4).

#### 4.2.4 Measurement Pupil Size - Select Mode



The Measure Pupil Size screen is accessed from the Testing screen (see Section 4.2.3). The operator is given the option of having the diameter of the test eye pupil measured automatically or entered manually.

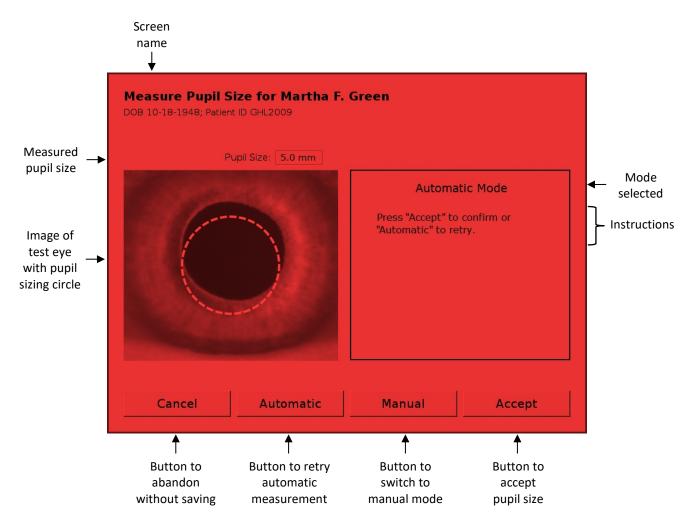
After centering the image of the test eye on the alignment cross hairs (see Section 4.2.2), three actions can be taken:

<u>Cancel</u> – Press the Cancel button at the bottom of the screen to abandon Pupil Size measurement and return to the Testing screen.

<u>Automatic</u> – Press the Automatic button at the bottom of the screen to select automatic measurement (see Section 4.2.5).

<u>Manual</u> – Press the Manual button at the bottom of the screen to select manual entry (see Section 4.2.6).

#### 4.2.5 Measure Pupil Size - Automatic Mode



When the automatic mode for Pupil Size measurement is selected (see Section 4.2.4), the AdaptDx automatically adjusts the diameter of a pupil sizing circle overlaying the test eye image (see illustration above) to match the pupil diameter to the nearest 0.5 mm. The Pupil Size field is populated with that value. If the AdaptDx is unable to determine the Pupil Size within three seconds, a dialog box will appear asking the operator to either re-align the patient and retry, or switch to manual mode (see Section 4.2.6).

<u>Cancel</u> – Press the Cancel button at the bottom of the screen to abandon automatic mode without saving the measured Pupil Size and return to the Testing screen.

<u>Automatic</u> – Press the Automatic button at the bottom of the screen to reject the automatically measured value and retry.

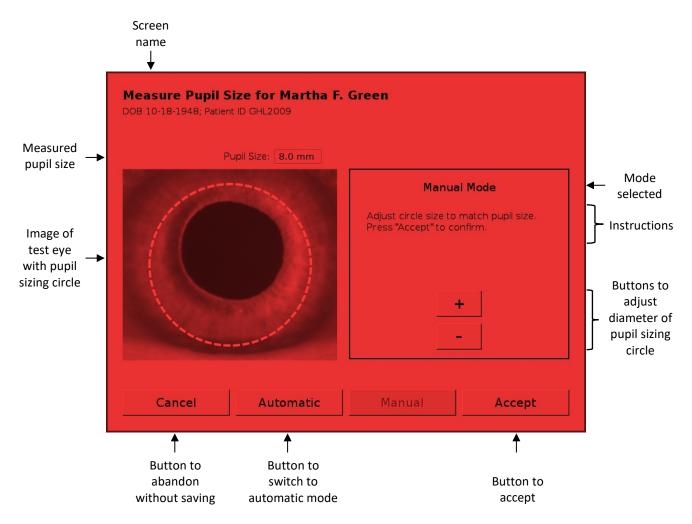
<u>Manual</u> – Press the Manual button at the bottom of the screen to switch to manual mode (see Section 4.2.6).

<u>Accept</u> – Press the Accept button at the bottom of the screen to save the measured Pupil Size and return to the Testing screen.

#### **User Tips**

- To allow an accurate Pupil Size measurement, stray hair and eye lashes should be brushed away from the test eye, and patients with ptosis may need to have a drooping eyelid taped open.
- If the diameter of the automatically generated pupil sizing circle does not appear to be a good match with the diameter of the pupil image, re-align the patient's eye and retry by pressing the Automatic button at the bottom of the screen. If you continue to get a poor match, switch to manual mode.

#### 4.2.6 Measure Pupil Size - Manual Mode



When the manual mode for Pupil Size measurement is selected (see Section 4.2.4), the operator can manually adjust the diameter of a pupil sizing circle overlaying the test eye image (see illustration above) to match the pupil diameter. "Plus" and "minus" buttons on the right half of the screen change the diameter in steps of 0.5 mm. The Pupil Size field is continuously populated with the diameter of the pupil sizing circle.

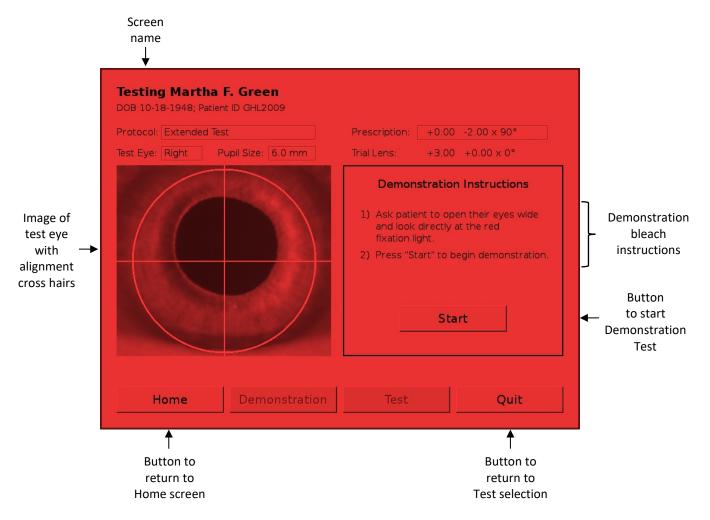
<u>Cancel</u> – Press the Cancel button at the bottom of the screen to abandon manual mode without saving the measured Pupil Size and return to the Testing screen.

<u>Automatic</u> – Press the Automatic button at the bottom of the screen to switch to automatic mode.

<u>Accept</u> – Press the Accept button at the bottom of the screen to save the measured Pupil Size and return to the Testing screen.

#### 4.3 Running a Demonstration Test

#### 4.3.1 Start of Demonstration Test



The Demonstration testing screen is accessed from the Home screen (see Section 4.2.1). As illustrated above, the name of the patient selected for testing is displayed at the top of the screen.

<u>Screen Layout</u> – There are two major components to the Testing screen. The left half of the screen shows a close-up image of the patient's test eye superimposed over an alignment cross hair. The right half of the screen initially shows patient instructions in preparation for the bleaching event. After the Start button is pressed, the demonstration bleaching flash is delivered and the screen reverts to a plot of visual sensitivity thresholds *vs.* time (see Section 3). The y-axis is log sensitivity, going from zero sensitivity at the top to five orders of magnitude of sensitivity recovery at the bottom. The x-axis is time from the start of the test in minutes.

A two-minute Demonstration Test is provided to familiarize the patient with the AdaptDx test procedure before beginning an Actual Test. The Demonstration Test starts with a simulated (subambient) bleaching flash that—unlike the bleaching flash in an Actual Test—is too weak to light adapt the patient's retina. The patient is then asked to focus on the red fixation light and push the Response Button whenever the stimulus light appears in his peripheral vision below the fixation light.

<u>Demonstration Test Instructions</u> – The recommended instructions to prepare the patient are:

"This is a short Demonstration Test so that you can become familiar with the test procedure. Your job is to look at the red light at the back of the viewing tunnel and use your peripheral vision to detect a spot of light that will appear at brief intervals. The Demonstration Test will start with a dim flash. After the flash, press the Response Button whenever you see the spot of light. The spot of light may appear brighter or dimmer and that is normal. The color of the light may change and that is normal. During the test, the best time to blink is right after you push the Response Button."

<u>Starting the Demonstration Test</u> – Before starting the Demonstration Test, confirm that patient preparation (see Section 4.2.2) and test set up (see Section 4.2.3) have been properly completed, and the test eye is correctly aligned to the cross hairs. When everything is ready, recite the Demonstration Test instructions to the patient and turn off the room lights. Then ask the patient to open their eyes wide and look directly at the red fixation light. Press the Start button, which will trigger the simulated flash and begin the Demonstration Test. The recommended instructions to the patient at the start of the Demonstration Test are:

"We are ready to start the demonstration. When I ask you to, please open your eyes wide and look directly at the red fixation light.

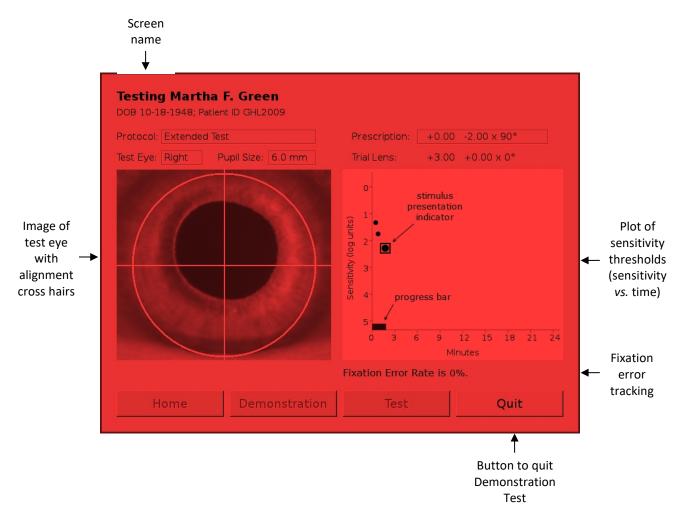
Here we go. Please open your eyes wide and look directly at the red fixation light."

Immediately after the flash is triggered, the AdaptDx will move from the bleaching aperture to the stimulus aperture, and begin presenting periodic stimulus lights below the red fixation light. Remind the patient to look at the red light and push the Response Button whenever he sees the stimulus light.

#### User Tips

• When starting the Demonstration Test, it is important that the patient is looking at the red fixation light. It is recommended that the operator press the Start button after fixation is established.

#### 4.3.2 Demonstration Test Monitoring



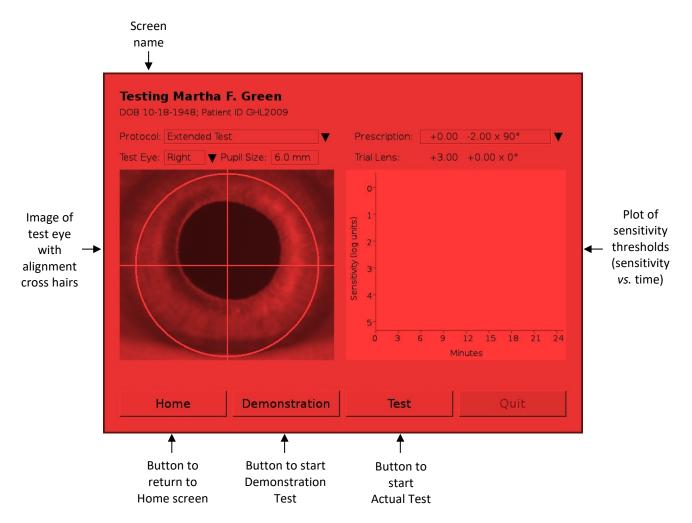
The AdaptDx provides several progress indicators to help the operator monitor the patient's performance during testing. These progress indicators appear in the threshold plot on the right half of the Testing screen (see illustration above). In particular, a large closed circle blinks on and off every time a stimulus light is presented to the patient. It is located on the threshold plot at the sensitivity level (y-axis value) and time (x-axis value) of the stimulus then being presented to the patient, moving up and down as the sensitivity level changes and shifting to the right as time progresses. A square appears around this blinking circle every time the patient pushes the Response Button. When the patient has provided enough responses to generate a sensitivity threshold (see Section 3), the blinking circle is replaced by a smaller steady circle at the location of the threshold. A progress bar along the x-axis tracks the elapsed time since the beginning of the test. Finally, the fixation error rate (i.e., the percentage of times the patient generates invalid thresholds correlating to a loss of fixation) is continuously calculated and reported just below the threshold plot.

<u>Operator Responsibilities</u> – The operator is responsible for three things while monitoring a Demonstration Test:

- Tracking the patient's fixation via the image of the test eye on the screen and the reported fixation error rate. If the patient's eye is moving around or the fixation error rate increases, remind him to look at the red fixation light.
- Adjusting the test eye alignment as necessary. If the patient shifts position during testing, adjust the test eye alignment using the Chin Rest Adjustment Switch on the side of the AdaptDx (see Section 4.2.2). It is important that alignment is maintained during testing.
- Providing positive feedback to the patient, such as saying "good job" when the patient pushes the Response Button in response to a stimulus light, thereby reinforcing that he is performing the test correctly.

A Demonstration Test can be terminated at any time by pressing the Quit button at the bottom left of the screen. Otherwise a Demonstration Test will terminate automatically after two minutes.

#### 4.3.3 End of Demonstration Test



At the conclusion of a Demonstration Test, the AdaptDx provides three choices (see illustration above):

<u>Home</u> – Press the Home button at the bottom of the screen to end testing and return to the Home screen.

<u>Demonstration</u> – Press the Demonstration button at the bottom of the screen to repeat the Demonstration Test.

<u>Test</u> – Press the Test button at the bottom of the screen to take the AdaptDx out of the Demonstration Test mode and start an Actual Test (see Section 4.4).

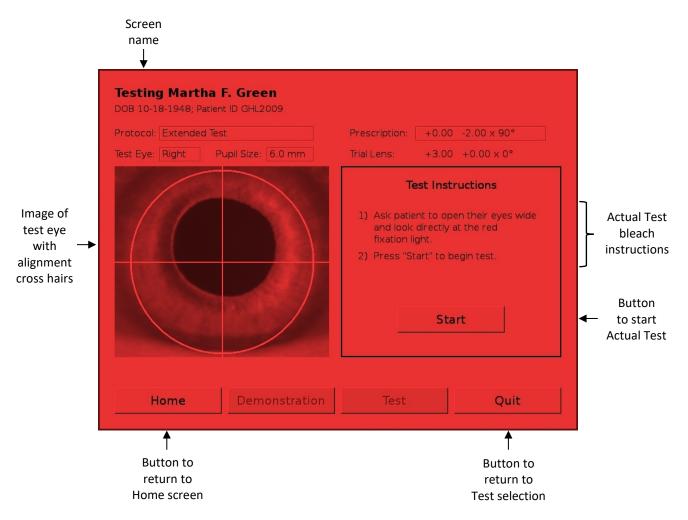
#### **User Tips**

• When the Demonstration Test is over, ask the patient if he has any questions about how to take the test. If the patient is clear on the task, proceed to the Actual Test. If the patient is unclear on the task, offer to rerun the Demonstration Test for additional reinforcement. If after a second Demonstration Test the patient is still unclear on the task, it is unlikely he will

be able to generate a meaningful dark adaptation curve and it may be best to abandon further testing.

#### 4.4 Running an Actual Test

#### 4.4.1 Start of Actual Test



The testing screen is accessed from the Home screen (see Section 4.2.1). As illustrated above, the name of the patient selected for testing is displayed at the top of the screen.

<u>Screen Layout</u> – There are two major components to the Testing screen. The left half of the screen shows a close-up image of the patient's test eye superimposed over an alignment cross hair. The right half of the screen initially shows patient instructions in preparation for the bleaching event. After the Start button is pressed, the actual bleaching flash is delivered and the screen reverts to a plot of visual sensitivity thresholds *vs.* time (see Section 3). The y-axis is log sensitivity, going from zero sensitivity at the top to five orders of magnitude of sensitivity recovery at the bottom. The x-axis is time from the start of the test in minutes.

After the patient has shown proficiency with the Demonstration Test (see Section 4.3) testing can proceed to an Actual Test. The Actual Test starts with a bleaching flash to pre-condition the patient's retina to a standard, unadapted state. The patient is then asked to focus on the red fixation light and push the Response Button when the stimulus light appears in his peripheral vision below the fixation light.

<u>Actual Test Instructions</u> – The recommended instructions to prepare the patient are:

"Now we are going to perform the Actual Test. The procedure is identical to the Demonstration Test. The most important thing for you to do is to look at the red fixation light. The initial flash will be much brighter—similar to a small camera flash when having your picture taken. After the flash, push the Response Button whenever you see the spot of light, just like in the Demonstration Test. Don't worry if it takes more time to see the stimulus light than during the Demonstration Test; that is normal. You will be given periodic rest breaks. During a rest break, feel free to close your eyes. I will let you know when the rest break is over."

<u>Starting the Actual Test</u> – Before starting the Actual Test, confirm that patient preparation (see Section 4.2.2) and test set up (see Section 4.2.3) have been properly completed, and the test eye is correctly aligned to the cross hairs. When everything is ready, recite the Actual Test instructions to the patient. Then ask the patient to open their eyes wide and look directly at the red fixation light. Press the Start button, which will trigger the actual flash and begin the Actual Test. The recommended instructions to the patient at the start of the Actual Test are:

"We are ready to start the test. When I ask you to, please open your eyes wide and look directly at the red fixation light.

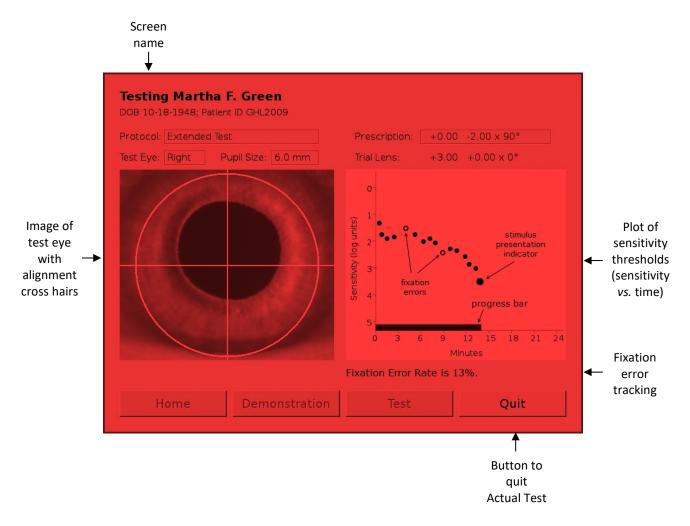
Here we go. Please open your eyes wide and look directly at the red fixation light."

Immediately after the flash is triggered, the AdaptDx will move from the bleaching aperture to the stimulus aperture, and begin presenting periodic stimulus lights below the red fixation light. Remind the patient to look at the red light and push the Response Button whenever they see the stimulus light.

# User Tips

- The **room lights must remain off** during the transition from the Demonstration Test to the Actual Test and all the way through completion of the Actual Test.
- Starting the Actual Test when the patient's eye is open and the patient is looking directly at the red fixation light is the most critical part of the operator's job during the entire test.
- When starting the Actual Test, it is important that the patient is looking at the red fixation light. It is recommended that the operator press the Start button after fixation is established.

# 4.4.2 Actual Test Monitoring



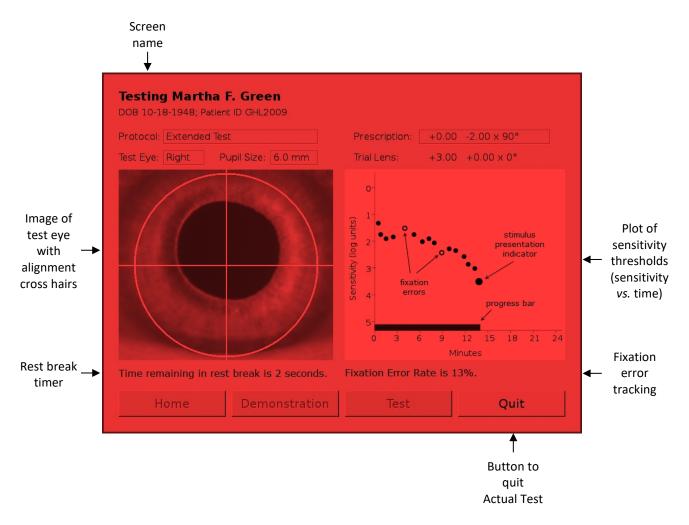
The AdaptDx provides several progress indicators to help the operator monitor the patient's performance during testing. These progress indicators appear in the threshold plot on the right half of the Testing screen (see illustration above). In particular, a large closed circle blinks on and off every time a stimulus light is presented to the patient. It is located on the threshold plot at the sensitivity level (y-axis value) and time (x-axis value) of the stimulus then being presented to the patient, moving up and down as the sensitivity level changes and shifting to the right as time progresses. A square appears around this blinking circle every time the patient pushes the Response Button. When the patient has provided enough responses to generate a sensitivity threshold (see Section 3), the blinking circle is replaced by a smaller steady circle at the location of the threshold. A progress bar along the x-axis tracks the elapsed time since the beginning of the test. Finally, the fixation error rate (i.e., the percentage of times the patient generates invalid thresholds correlating to a loss of fixation) is continuously calculated and reported just below the threshold plot. Valid thresholds are plotted as closed circles. Invalid (or false) thresholds are plotted as open circles.

<u>Operator Responsibilities</u> – The operator is responsible for three things while monitoring an Actual Test:

- Tracking the patient's fixation via the image of the test eye on the screen and the reported fixation error rate. If the patient's eye is moving around or the fixation error rate increases, remind him to stare directly at the red fixation light.
- Adjusting the test eye alignment as necessary. If the patient shifts position during testing, adjust the test eye alignment using the Chin Rest Adjustment Switch on the side of the AdaptDx (see Section 4.2.2). It is important that alignment is maintained during testing.
- Providing positive feedback to the patient, such as saying "good job" when the patient pushes the Response Button in response to a stimulus light, thereby reinforcing that he is performing the test correctly. Tell the patient not to worry if he misses a stimulus light, to just wait until he sees the next one and respond.

An Actual Test can be terminated at any time by pressing the Quit button at the bottom left of the screen. The data collected up to the time the test is terminated will be saved just like any other test. Otherwise, an Actual Test will terminate automatically when it reaches one of several preset benchmarks (see Section 4.3.5). Unless there is an unusual circumstance, the operator should allow the Actual Test to run until it is automatically terminated.

## 4.4.3 Patient Rest Breaks



The AdaptDx provides a short patient rest break (e.g., 15 sec) after determination of each sensitivity threshold. A short "beep" at the beginning of the rest break announces its start, and a second short "beep" three seconds before the end of the rest break announces its end. An additional progress indicator appears under the test eye image on the left half of the Testing screen (see illustration above). It counts down the number of seconds remaining in the rest break.

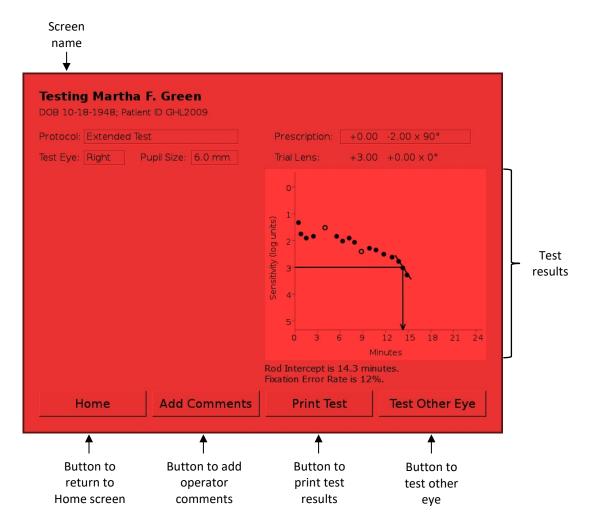
<u>Operator Responsibilities</u> – The operator is responsible for two things during a rest break:

- Alerting the patient that the rest break has begun, by saying for example, "Excellent, there will be a short rest break now."
- Alerting the patient that the rest break is about to end, by saying for example, "The rest break is about to end, look straight at the red light and push the Response Button whenever you see a stimulus light."

# User Tips

• Tell the patient he can close and rest his eyes during the rest break, but encourage him to keep his chin on the chin rest and forehead against the forehead rest to prevent moving out of alignment.

## 4.4.4 End of Actual Test



At the conclusion of an Actual Test, the AdaptDx calculates a proprietary parameter called the Rod Intercept to characterize the test results. The Rod Intercept is the time in minutes at which the visual sensitivity recovery crosses three log units of recovery. This is a point when visual sensitivity recovery is completely rod mediated. Test subjects with slower visual sensitivity recovery have longer Rod Intercept times. The Rod Intercept is displayed graphically on the threshold plot and reported in minutes just below the threshold plot (see illustration above).

The AdaptDx includes two internal checks on the quality of the patient response data:

• Fixation Errors – Patient inattention during a test can cause loss of focus on the fixation light and inappropriate responses to the stimulus lights. These fixation errors produce a "noisy" dark adaptation curve, with individual sensitivity thresholds substantially out of line with normal sensitivity recovery. The AdaptDx tracks fixation errors and displays the fixation error rate (i.e., the percentage of times the patient generates invalid thresholds correlating to a loss of fixation) with the test results. If the fixation error rate exceeds 30%, a warning message is displayed with the results. Bleaching Errors – If a patient blinks or averts his gaze during bleaching, he will show very
rapid dark adaptation, faster than is typically seen in properly bleached patients. For the
Rapid and Extended Tests only, when the AdaptDx calculates an unusually fast Rod Intercept,
a bleaching error is indicated graphically on the threshold plot and a warning message is
displayed with the results.

The test results, including the Rod Intercept time, the diagnostic assessment and any error conditions, are all automatically saved.

There are four options for proceeding at the conclusion of an Actual Test:

<u>Home</u> – Press the Home button at the bottom of the screen to end testing and return to the Home screen (see Section 4.2.1).

<u>Add Comments</u> – Press the Add Comments button at the bottom of the screen to toggle to a screen where the operator can add comments to be saved with the test results (see Section 4.4.5).

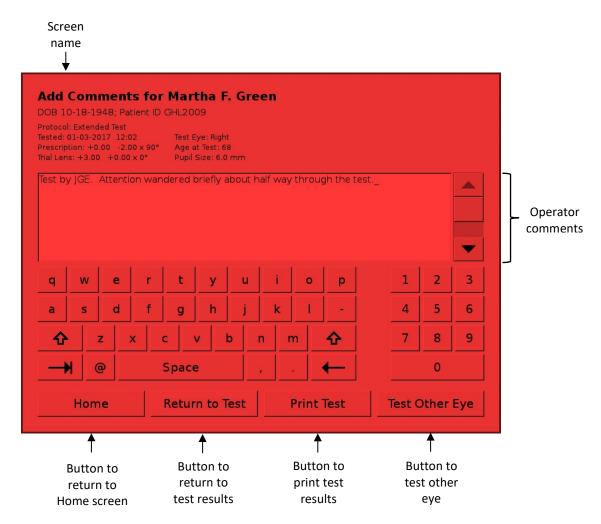
<u>Print Test</u> – Press the Print Test button at the bottom of the screen to print the test results, including any comments added by the operator (see Section 4.4.6). A system setting allows test results to be directed to a hard copy printer, a PDF file on an attached USB drive, or an XML file on an attached USB drive (see Section 5.2.3).

<u>Test Other Eye</u> – Press the Test Other Eye button at the bottom of the screen to jump to an Actual Test of the fellow eye. A fresh Testing screen will appear, pre-populated with the patient information for the individual just tested. The test protocol just used will be selected as the Protocol, and the fellow eye will be selected as the Test Eye. Testing proceeds as before from that point (see Section 4.2.3).

# **User Tips**

- A large number of fixation errors indicate that the test results are not reliable, and the patient may not be suitable for dark adaptation testing. If the fixation error rate exceeds 30%, a warning message is displayed with the test results.
- The Rapid Test takes approximately 5 minutes to complete. The Extended Test can take up to 20 minutes to complete.

#### 4.4.5 Add Comments



The Add Comments screen is accessed from the Testing screen at the end of an Actual Test (see Section 4.4.4). As illustrated above, the name of the patient tested and the test parameters are displayed at the top of the screen. A large text field is provided for the operator to add comments. These comments are automatically saved with the corresponding test results and are included on printouts of the test results (see Section 4.4.6).

There are four options for proceeding at the conclusion of adding comments:

<u>Home</u> – Press the Home button at the bottom of the screen to end testing and return to the Home screen (see Section 4.2.1).

<u>Return to Test</u> – Press the Return to Test button at the bottom of the screen to toggle to the associated test results (see Section 4.4.4).

<u>Print Test</u> – Press the Print Test button at the bottom of the screen to print the test results, including any comments added by the operator (see Section 4.4.6). A system setting allows test results to be directed to a hard copy printer, a PDF file on an attached USB drive, or an XML file on an attached USB drive (see Section 5.2.3).

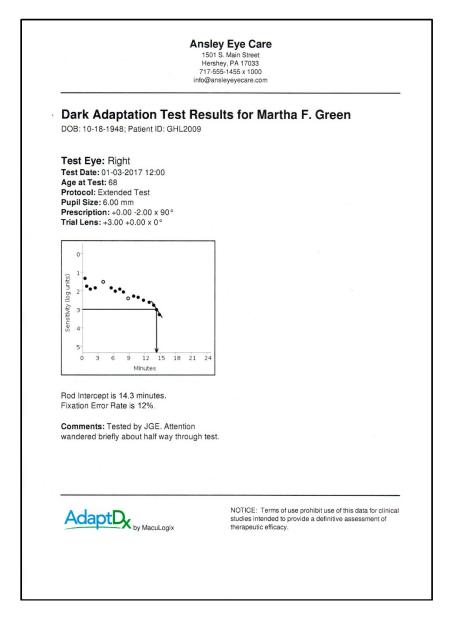
<u>Test Other Eye</u> – Press the Test Other Eye button at the bottom of the screen to jump to an Actual Test of the fellow eye. A fresh Testing screen will appear, pre-populated with the patient information for the individual just tested. The test protocol just used will be selected as the Protocol, and the fellow eye will be selected as the Test Eye. Testing proceeds as before from that point (see Section 4.2.3).

# **User Tips**

• Comments can be corrected during entry by using the "backspace" key at the lower right of the press screen keyboard to erase the entry.

#### 4.4.6 Print Test Results

Printing the results of a just completed test can be initiated from the Testing screen (see Section 4.4.4) or from the corresponding Add Comments screen (see Section 4.4.5). Following is an example test result printout.



## **User Tips**

• If Pressing the Print Test button fails to produce a printout of the test results, check the following items: whether the Printer is properly connected to the AdaptDx (see Section 5.5.3), whether the Printer is plugged into a power outlet, whether the Printer is turned on (see separate Printer manual), and whether paper is loaded in the Printer (see separate Printer manual).

# 4.5 Viewing & Printing Prior Test Results

**Patient Selection** 

4.5.1

#### Screen name Home **Ansley Eye Care** Q 12-28-2016 Search Search Name Gree Touch Name to Select/Deselect Patient box Birth Date Patient Identifier Name Greenbaum, Charles L. 07-18-1967 GMC123 Greene, Charlotte P. 06-17-1966 GLC123 List of 10-18-1948 patients in Green, Thomase P. 05-16-1965 GKC123 database $\mathbf{\nabla}$ 1 2 3 t u q W e 0 р V i. 4 5 s d f h k 6 а g 仑 b 仑 7 8 9 z x С v n m @ Space 0 ← **Edit Patient** Show Prior Tests **Test Patient** ⋪ Button to initiate viewing & printing of prior tests

Viewing and printing of prior test results is initiated from the Home screen (illustrated above) by selecting the patient for whom prior results are sought.

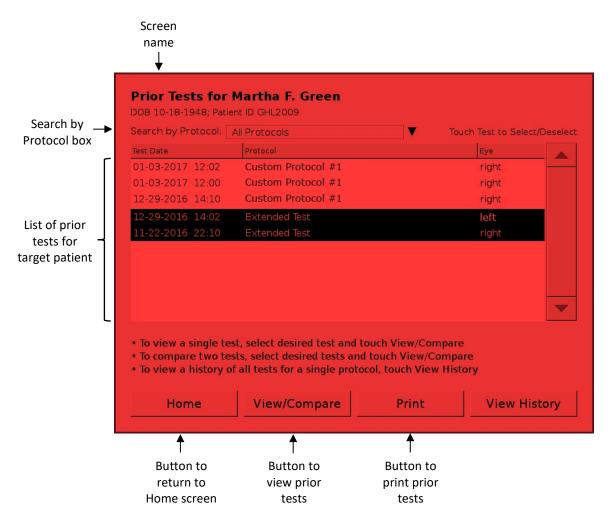
<u>Select Patient</u> – As illustrated above, the Home screen displays a scrollable list of all patients in the AdaptDx database. Typing all or part of a patient's name in the Search Patient box above the list narrows the display to matching entries. Pressing a name in the list selects that patient.

<u>Proceed to Selection of Prior Tests</u> – Press the Show Prior Tests button at the bottom of the screen to proceed. The Show Prior Tests button will not become active until a patient is selected from the scrollable display.

# User Tips

• The display of patient names lists only the most recent name associated with a Patient Identifier. If a patient's name is changed—for example to correct a misspelling or when the patient gets married—all information for that patient will be linked to the new name.

## 4.5.2 Prior Test Selection



The Prior Tests screen is accessed from the Home screen (see Section 4.5.1). It is used to select prior test results for viewing or printing. As illustrated above, the name of the target patient for whom prior results are being sought is displayed at the top of the screen, and all prior tests for that patient are listed in a scrollable window.

<u>Narrow Choices</u> – The Search by Protocol box above the scrollable display can be used to narrow the choices. The pre-populated default option is All Protocols, which displays all prior tests for the target patient in reverse chronological order. Pressing the triangle beside the Search by Protocol box launches a protocol picker that narrows the display to those matching a particular test protocol.

<u>Select Specific Tests</u> – Pressing a test in the list selects that test for viewing (see Sections 4.5.3 and 4.5.4) or printing (see Section 4.5.5). As indicated in the on-screen instructions, either one or two tests can be selected at a time.

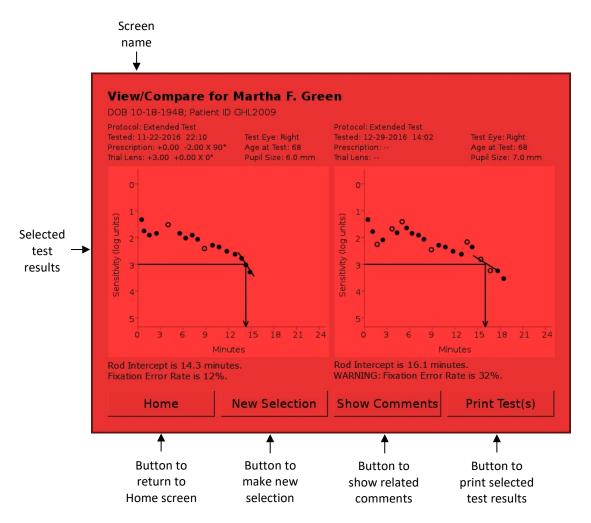
Three options are available for proceeding from this screen:

<u>Home</u> – Press the Home button at the bottom of the screen to abandon viewing and printing of prior test results and return to the Home screen.

<u>View/Compare</u> – Press the View/Compare button at the bottom of the screen to view the selected prior test result(s) (see Sections 4.5.3 and 4.5.4).

<u>Print</u> – Press the Print button at the bottom of the screen to print the selected prior test result(s). A system setting allows test results to be directed to a hard copy printer, a PDF file on an attached USB drive, or an XML file on an attached USB drive (see Section 5.2.3).

#### 4.5.3 View/Compare Prior Test Results



The View/Compare Prior Test Results screen is accessed from the Prior Tests screen (see Section 4.5.2). It is used to view selected prior test results for a patient of interest. As illustrated above, the name of the patient whose tests are being viewed is displayed at the top of the screen, and one or two prior test results are shown. If tests for both a right eye and a left eye were selected, the test for the right eye appears on the left half of screen. If two tests for the same eye were selected, the earlier test appears on the left half of the screen.

Four options are available for proceeding from this screen:

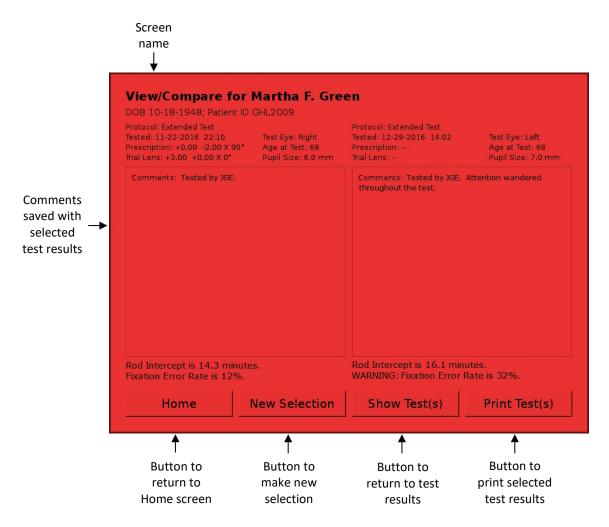
<u>Home</u> – Press the Home button at the bottom of the screen to abandon viewing and printing of prior test results and return to the Home screen.

<u>New Selection</u> – Press the New Selection button at the bottom of the screen to return to the Prior Tests screen and make a new selection of prior test results (see Section 4.5.2).

<u>Show Comments</u> – Press the Show Comments button at the bottom of the screen to toggle to a screen showing operator comments saved with the selected prior test result(s) (see Section 4.5.4).

<u>Print Test(s)</u> – Press the Print Test(s) button at the bottom of the screen to print the selected prior test result(s) (see Section 4.5.5). A system setting allows test results to be directed to a hard copy printer, a PDF file on an attached USB drive, or an XML file on an attached USB drive (see Section 5.2.3).

#### 4.5.4 View/Compare Prior Test Comments



The View/Compare Prior Test Comments screen is accessed from the View Compare Prior Test Results screen (see Section 4.5.3). As illustrated above, the patient name and other identifying information for the selected prior tests are displayed at the top of the screen, together with operator comments that were saved with those tests.

Four options are available for proceeding from this screen:

<u>Home</u> – Press the Home button at the bottom of the screen to abandon viewing and printing of prior test results and return to the Home screen.

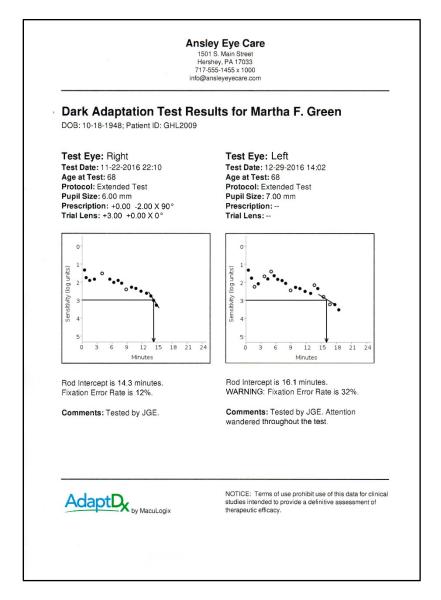
<u>New Selection</u> – Press the New Selection button at the bottom of the screen to return to the Prior Tests screen and make a new selection of prior test results (see Section 4.5.2).

<u>Show Test(s)</u> – Press the Show Test(s) button at the bottom of the screen to toggle to the associated prior test result(s) (see Section 4.5.3).

<u>Print Test(s)</u> – Press the Print Test(s) button at the bottom of the screen to print the selected prior test result(s) (see Section 4.5.5). A system setting allows test results to be directed to a hard copy printer, a PDF file on an attached USB drive, or an XML file on an attached USB drive (see Section 5.2.3).

## 4.5.5 Print Prior Test Results

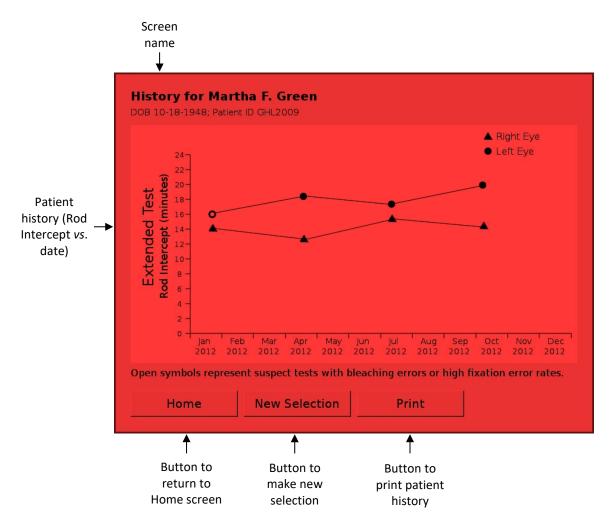
Printing of prior test results can be initiated from the Prior Test Selection screen (see Section 4.5.2), from the View/Compare Prior Test Results screen (see Section 4.5.3) or from the corresponding View/Compare Prior Test Comments screen (see Section 4.5.4). Following is an example of a prior test results printout.



# **User Tips**

• If Pressing the Print Test(s) button fails to produce a printout of the test results, check the following items: whether the Printer is properly connected to the AdaptDx (see Section 5.5.3), whether the Printer is plugged into a power outlet, whether the Printer is turned on (see separate Printer manual), and whether paper is loaded in the Printer (see separate Printer manual)

#### 4.5.6 View Patient History



The History screen is accessed from the Prior Tests screen (see Section 4.5.2). It is used to show a summary of all test results collected for a patient using a particular protocol. As illustrated above, the name of the patient is displayed at the top of the screen and two graphs of Rod Intercept vs. date are displayed—one for the right eye and one for the left eye.

Three options are available for proceeding from this screen:

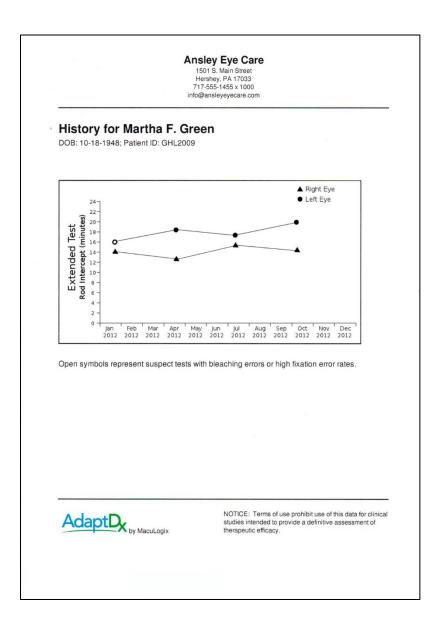
<u>Home</u> – Press the Home button at the bottom of the screen to abandon viewing and printing of prior test results and return to the Home screen.

<u>New Selection</u> – Press the New Selection button at the bottom of the screen to return to the Prior Tests screen and make a new selection of prior test results (see Section 4.5.2).

<u>Print</u> – Press the Print button at the bottom of the screen to print the selected patient history (see Section 4.5.5). A system setting allows test results to be directed to a hard copy printer, a PDF file on an attached USB drive, or an XML file on an attached USB drive (see Section 5.2.3).

## 4.5.7 Print Patient History

Printing of patient histories is initiated from the Show Patient History screen (see Section 4.5.6). Following is an example patient history printout.



# 5 System Tools

# 5.1 Overview

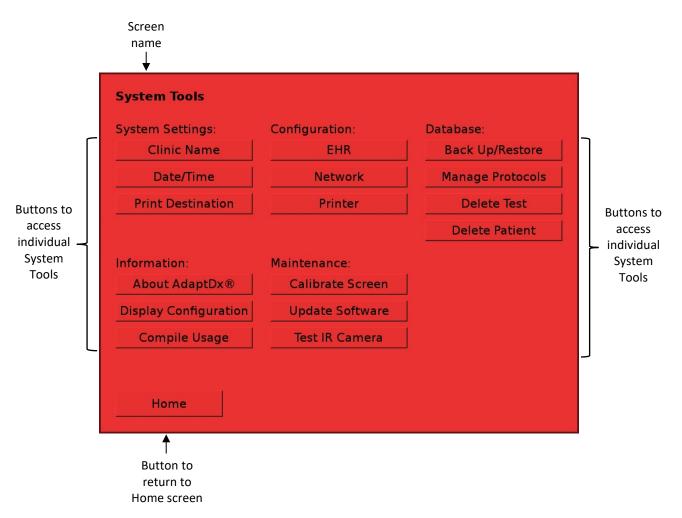
# 5.1.1 Accessing System Tools

Home			Ansle 12	<b>y Eye</b> -28-20		e				۵	Button to access System Too
Search Name G	ee					Т	ouch Na	ame to S	Select/D	eselect)	-,
Name				Birth D	Birth Date Patient Identifier						
Greenbaum, Cha					8-1967	GMC1					
Greene, Charlott	e P.				7-1966	GLC1					
Green, Martha F.					8-1948	GHL2					
Green, Thomase	Ρ.			05-16	6-1965	GKC1	23				
q w e	:   r	t	у	u	i   c	p p		1	2	3	
a s c	f	g	h	j	k I	-		4	5	6	
<b>☆</b> z	x	<b>c</b> _ ۱	v b	n	m	ۍ		7	8	9	
→ @		Space	e		•	-			0		
	it		Patient		how F	Prior Tes	sts	Test	0 Patie	nt	

The AdaptDx provides a set of System Tools for system settings, database management, system information and configuration, and maintenance.

System Tools are accessed from the Home Screen. As illustrated above, press the "Gear" icon to display an actionable directory of available tools (see Section 5.1.2).

# 5.1.2 System Tools Directory



Individual system tools are accessed from the System Tools screen (illustrated above). The tools fall into the following categories:

## System Settings

- Clinic Name (see Section 5.2.1)
- Date/Time (see Section 5.2.2)
- Print Destination (see Section 5.2.3)

# **Configuration**

- EHR (see Section 5.5.6)
- Network (see Sections 5.5.2)
- Printer (see Section 5.5.3)

# <u>Database</u>

- Back Up/Restore (see Section 5.3.1)
- Manage Protocols (see Sections 5.3.2, 5.2.3 and 5.2.4)
- Delete Test (see Sections 5.3.5 and 5.3.6)
- Delete Patient (see Section 5.3.7)

# **Information**

- About AdaptDx (see Section 5.4.1)
- Display Configuration (see Section 5.4.2)
- Compile Usage (see Section 5.4.3)

# **Maintenance**

- Calibrate Screen (see Section 5.5.1)
- Update Software (see Section 5.5.5)
- Test IR Camera (see Section 5.5.4)

Touch the appropriate System Tool button to access the desired tool. Press the Home button at the bottom of the screen to return to the Home screen.

# 5.2 System Settings

#### 5.2.1 Set Clinic Name

	Screen name ↓													
	Set Clin	ic Nan	ne							Tou	ch Field	to Edit		
Γ	Clinic Nar	me: Ansle	y Eye Car	9										
Clinia nomo	Address 1: 1501 S. Main Street													
Clinic name & contact		Address 2:												
information		City: Hershey							State: PA Zip Code: 17033					
Phone: 717-243-1455 x1000 Email: info@ansleyeyecare.com														
L		hall: [Info@	yansleyeye	care.com										
	Q W	E	R	Г	U	I	0	Р		1	2	3		
	A S	D	F	з н	J	к	L	-		4	5	6		
		z )	k c	V	B	I N	1			7	8	9		
		@	Sp	ace				←			0			
	Cancel	& Done	e Sa	ve & Do	ne									
	4			<b>≜</b>										
	Butto	on to	1	' Button to	)									
		on entry	s	ave entr	y									
	without	t saving												

The Set Clinic Name screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It allows customization of the AdaptDx with a clinic name and contact information. As illustrated above, the information fields are pre-populated with any previously stored information.

Entering Clinic Name & Contact Information – There are seven fields, all optional:

- Clinic Name
- Address Line 1
- Address Line 2
- City
- State
- Zip Code
- Phone Number
- Email Address

Two actions can be taken after entry of the clinic information:

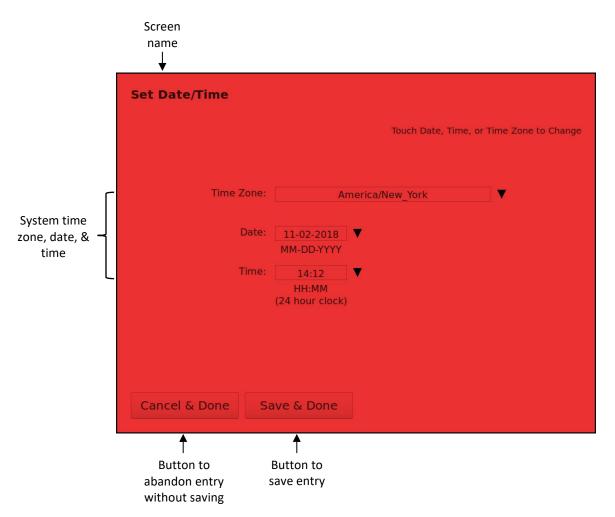
<u>Cancel & Done</u> – Press the Cancel & Done button at the bottom of the screen to abandon the entered clinic information without saving it and return to the System Tools screen.

<u>Save & Done</u> – Press the Save & Done button at the bottom of the screen to save the entered clinic information and return to the System Tools screen.

# User Tips

- Upon entering the Set Clinic Name screen, the Clinic Name field will initially be active. Pressing the "tab" key at the lower left of the press screen keyboard will advance to the next field. Alternately, a field can be made active by pressing it.
- Entries can be corrected by pressing on the field to be corrected and using the "backspace" key at the lower right of the press screen keyboard to erase the entry.
- The Clinic Name will appear at the top of the Home screen (see Section 4.1.1).
- The Clinic Name and Contact Information will appear at the top of test result printouts (see Sections 4.4.6 and 4.5.5).

# 5.2.2 Set Date/Time



The Set Date/Time screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It allows the system date, time, and time zone to be changed to the local date, time, and time zone.

Setting Date, Time, and Time Zone – The date, time, and time zone are all entered separately:

- Date must be entered in MM-DD-YYYY format
- Time must be entered in HH:MM format using a 24 hour clock (e.g., enter 3:21 PM as 15:21)
- Time Zone must be entered from the prepopulated list of system time zones

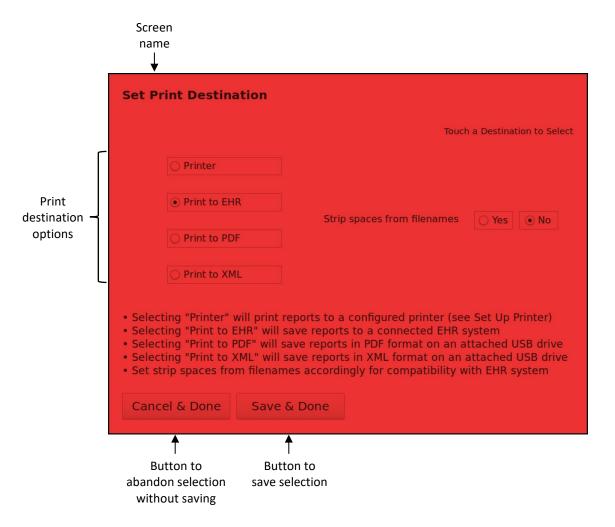
Touching the triangles to the right of these fields launches picker menus to facilitate entry.

Two actions can be taken after adjustment of the Date and Time:

<u>Cancel & Done</u> – Press the Cancel & Done button at the bottom of the screen to abandon the changes without saving them and return to the System Tools screen.

<u>Save & Done</u> – Press the Save & Done button at the bottom of the screen to save the changes and return to the System Tools screen.

5.2.3 Set Print Destination



The Set Print Destination screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It determines which of the following three options will be used for outputting test reports.

- Printer When this option is selected, "Print" buttons will cause test results to be printed as hardcopies on an attached printer. This is the default setting.
- Print to EHR When this option is selected, "Print" buttons will cause test results to be saved in JPEG and (optionally) XML on a shared-network disk drive device.
- Print to PDF When this option is selected, "Print" buttons will cause test results to be saved in PDF format on a USB thumb drive or other USB storage device.
- Print to XML When this option is selected, "Print" buttons will cause test reports to be saved in XML format on a USB thumb drive or other USB storage device.

Since some EHR software systems are unable to import and process files where the filename contains spaces, there is an option to strip spaces from filenames and replace them with

underscores. The default is set to "no". When "no" is active, all PDF and XML files generated for the "print" action will be generated as-is. When "yes" is active, all PDF and XML filenames will have white space characters removed and replaced with underscores before the file is written to the intended target. This affects the filename regardless of where it is being written (i.e., USB, EHR share, etc.).

Two actions can be taken after selecting the print destination:

<u>Cancel & Done</u> – Press the Cancel & Done button at the bottom of the screen to abandon a change in print destination without saving and return to the System Tools screen.

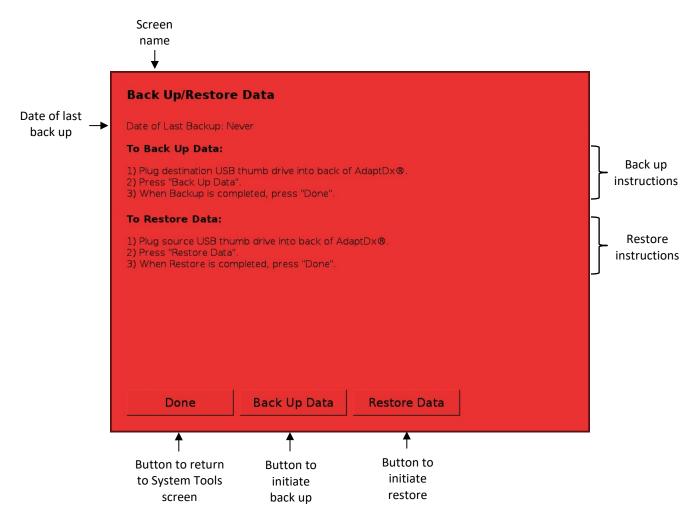
<u>Save & Done</u> – Press the Save & Done button at the bottom of the screen to save a change in print destination and return to the System Tools screen.

# User Tips

- "Print to EHR" is useful for creating reports that can easily be uploaded to an electronic health record (EHR) system. Depending on the sophistication of the on-site EHR system, these files may be automatically incorporated, or may require an operator to manually import the JPEG and/or XML files into the EHR. For test reports, the JPEG file is named "AdaptDx <Last Name>,<First Name><MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm>.jpg", where "<MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm>" is the date and time of the test. If two test reports are selected, both are placed in the same JPEG file and the time stamp used in the file name is the date and time of the most recent referenced test. For history reports, the JPEG file is named "AdaptDx <Last Name>,<First Name><MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm> History.jpg", and the time stamp corresponds to the date and time of the most recent test referenced in the report
- "Print to PDF" is useful for creating reports that can be readily uploaded to an electronic health record (EHR) system via USB thumb drive. For test reports, the PDF file is named AdaptDx <Last Name>,<First Name><MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm>.pdf", where "<MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm>" is the date and time of the test. If two test reports are selected, both are placed in the same PDF file and the time stamp used in the file name is the date and time of the most recent referenced test. For history reports, the PDF file is named "AdaptDx <Last Name>,<First Name><MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm> History.pdf", and the time stamp corresponds to the date and time of the most recent test referenced in the report.
- "Print to XML" is useful for creating an electronic database for subsequent analysis and for generating manuscript quality data plots. For test reports, the PDF file is named AdaptDx <Last Name>,<First Name><MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm>.xml", where "<MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm>" is the date and time of the test. If two test reports are selected, both are placed in the same PDF file and the time stamp used in the file name is the date and time of the most recent referenced test. For history reports, the PDF file is named "AdaptDx <Last Name>,<First Name><MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm>History.xml", and the time stamp corresponds to the date and time of the most recent test referenced in the stamp corresponds to the date and time of the most recent test referenced in the history report. See Appendix A for a detailed description of XML file formats.

# 5.3 Database Management

#### 5.3.1 Back Up/Restore Data



The Back Up/Restore Data screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It allows a complete back up and restoration of all patient, protocol and test data stored on the AdaptDx using a USB thumb drive or other USB storage device plugged into either of the USB ports on the back of the AdaptDx (see Section 2.2). As illustrated above, the date of the last backup is displayed near the top of the screen, and step-by-step on-screen instructions are provided for backup and restore operations.

<u>Back Up Data</u> – Each backup operation will create a single, encrypted file on the USB storage device named "YYYYMMDD\_HHMMSS-adaptdx\_backup\_4\_3.tgz", where "YYYMMDD" is the date of the backup and "HHMMSS" is the time of day of the backup.

<u>Restore Data</u> – Each restore operation searches the USB storage device for the backup file having the most recent date and time. The restore operation adds to the instrument database any records found in the backup file that are not already in the instrument database, leaving intact records already in the instrument database. This allows recovery from accidental deletions by adding records found on the backup medium that are no longer in the instrument database. It

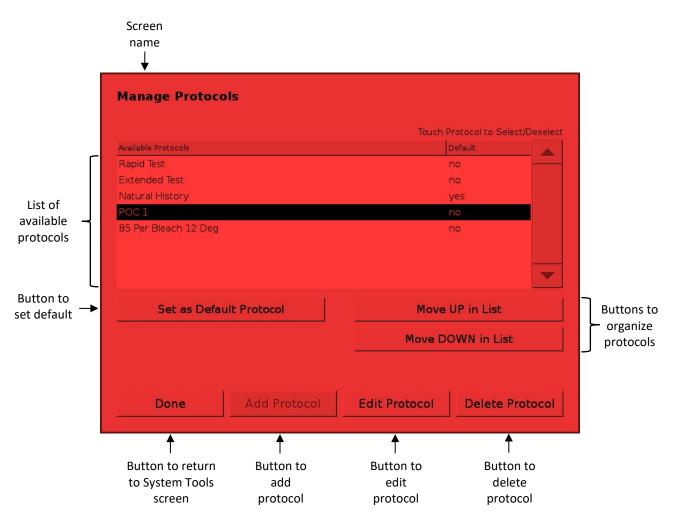
also allows disaster recovery by making an empty AdaptDx database (on a repaired or replacement instrument) into an exact copy of the backup database.

<u>Done</u> – After the backup or restore operation is completed, remove the USB storage device and press the Done button at the bottom of the screen to return to the System Tools screen.

# **User Tips**

- Frequent backups are recommended. Data that has not been backed up cannot be restored.
- A progress screen will appear during backup and restore operations and disappear after the operation is completed, signifying that the USB storage device can be disconnected and the AdaptDx can be returned to normal operation.
- Backup files are encrypted using 256-bit AES encryption in a HIPAA-compliant fashion.
- Because each backup file is assigned a unique filename, multiple backups can be stored on the same USB device without fear of overwriting a previous backup.

# 5.3.2 Manage Protocols



The Manage Protocols screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). As illustrated above, it displays a scrollable list of all test protocols in the AdaptDx database and provides a number of options for organizing and modifying these protocols.

There are three options for organizing the list of test protocols:

<u>Set Default Protocol</u> – To set the system default protocol, press the name of a protocol in the scrollable list to select it and then press the Set as Default Protocol button. In the absence of specific directions to the contrary, the AdaptDx will use the system default protocol for patient testing (see Section 4.2.3).

<u>Move UP in List</u> — To move a protocol to a higher position in the scrollable list, press the name of the protocol to select it, and then press the Move UP in List button.

<u>Move DOWN in List</u> — To move a protocol to a lower position in the scrollable list, press the name of the protocol to select it, and then press the Move DOWN in List button.

There are also three options for modifying the test protocols:

<u>Add Protocol</u> – Press the Add Protocol button at the bottom of the screen to add a new protocol to the list available for patient testing (see Section 5.3.3).

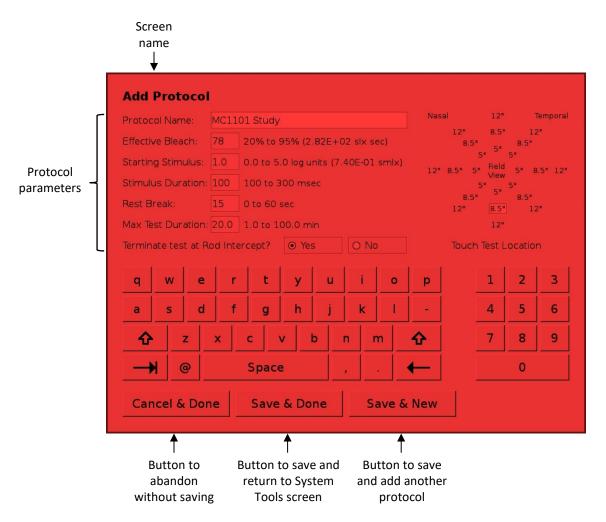
<u>Edit Protocol</u> – Press the Edit Protocol button at the bottom of the screen to edit an existing protocol (see Section 5.3.4). The Edit Protocol button will not become active until a protocol is selected for editing by pressing the protocol name in the scrollable list.

<u>Delete Protocol</u> — Press the Delete Protocol button at the bottom of the screen to delete an existing protocol. The Delete Protocol button will not become active until a protocol is selected for deletion by pressing the protocol name in the scrollable list.

# **User Tips**

• The Rapid Test and Extended Test protocols cannot be moved from the top two positions in the scrollable list.

# 5.3.3 Add Protocols



The Add Protocol screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Sections 5.1.2 and 5.3.2). It is used to add new test protocols to the list available for patient testing.

<u>Entering Protocol Parameters</u> – Any number of additional protocols can be created to address specific user needs by varying the following parameters within the ranges indicated:

<u>Parameter</u>	Range	<u>Default</u>
Effective Bleach	20% to 95% (0.01 to 6,000 scot lx sec)	83% (673)
Starting Stimulus	0.0 to 5.0 log units (0 to 7.4 scot mlx)	1.0 (0.74)
Stimulus Duration	100 to 300 msec	200
Stimulus Location	5°, 8.5° or 12° at eight azimuths	5° below fixation
Rest Break	0 to 60 sec	15
Maximum Test Duration	1 to 100 min	40

The Protocol Name can be any desired alphanumeric descriptor up to 20 characters. As illustrated above, retinal illuminance values corresponding to the Effective Bleach percentage and the Starting Stimulus log units are automatically calculated by the AdaptDx and displayed. These calculations assume an 8 mm diameter pupil. The test location is selected by pressing on the

desired location. In addition, the protocol can be set to automatically terminate testing after sufficient data has been collected to determine the Rod Intercept (see Section 3 for a description of the Rod Intercept), or it can be set to continue until the Maximum Test Duration has been reached. The default option is termination at the Rod Intercept.

Three actions can be taken after entry of parameters for a new protocol:

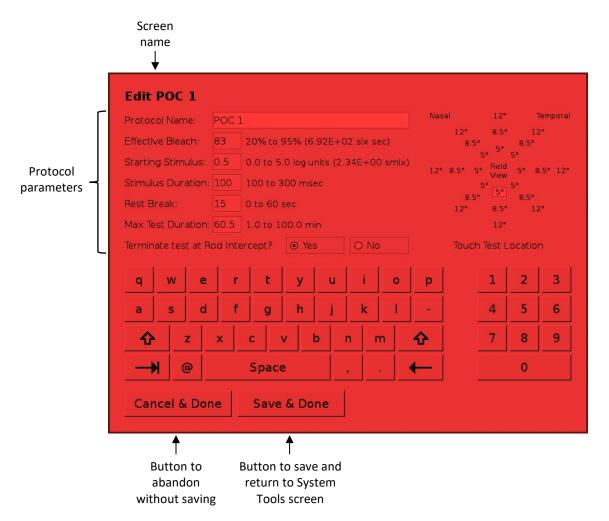
<u>Cancel & Done</u> – Press the Cancel & Done button at the bottom of the screen to abandon the entered parameters without saving the new protocol and return to the System Tools screen.

Save & Done – Press the Save & Done button at the bottom of the screen to save the entered parameters as a new protocol and return to the System Tools screen.

<u>Save & New</u> – Press the Save & New button at the bottom of the screen to save the entered parameters as a new protocol and remain on the Add Protocol screen for addition of another new protocol.

# User Tips

- Note that the test location is specified as a field view, not a physical location. For example, a location 5° inferior on the vertical meridian in the field view is physically located 5° superior on the vertical meridian.
- Upon entering the Add Protocol screen, the Protocol Name field will initially be active. Pressing the "tab" key at the lower left of the press screen keyboard will advance to the next field. Alternately, a field can be made active by pressing it.
- Entries can be corrected by pressing on the field to be corrected and using the "backspace" key at the lower right of the press screen keyboard to erase the entry.
- To measure a complete dark adaptation curve, create a custom test protocol with a Maximum Test Duration of at least 90 minutes and elect NOT to terminate the test at the Rod Intercept.



The Edit Protocol screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Sections 5.1.2 and 5.3.2). It is used to edit existing test protocols. As illustrated above, the name of the protocol selected for editing is displayed at the top of the screen, and the parameter fields are pre-populated with the existing parameters.

<u>Editing Protocol Parameters</u> – Any of the following protocol parameters can be modified within the ranges indicated:

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Range</u>
Effective Bleach	20% to 95% (0.01 to 6,000 scot lx sec)
Starting Stimulus	0.0 to 5.0 log units (0 to 7.4 scot mlx)
Stimulus Duration	100 to 300 msec
Stimulus Location	5°, 8.5° or 12° at eight azimuths
Rest Break	0 to 60 sec
Maximum Test Duration	1 to 100 min

The Protocol Name can be left the same or changed to any desired alphanumeric descriptor up to 20 characters. As illustrated above, retinal illuminance values corresponding to the Effective

Bleach percentage and the Starting Stimulus log units are automatically calculated by the AdaptDx and displayed. These calculations assume an 8 mm diameter pupil. The test location is selected by pressing on the desired location. In addition, the protocol can be set to automatically terminate testing after sufficient data has been collected to determine the Rod Intercept (see Section 3 for a description of the Rod Intercept), or it can be set to continue until the Maximum Test Duration has been reached.

Two actions can be taken after editing the protocol parameters for an existing protocol:

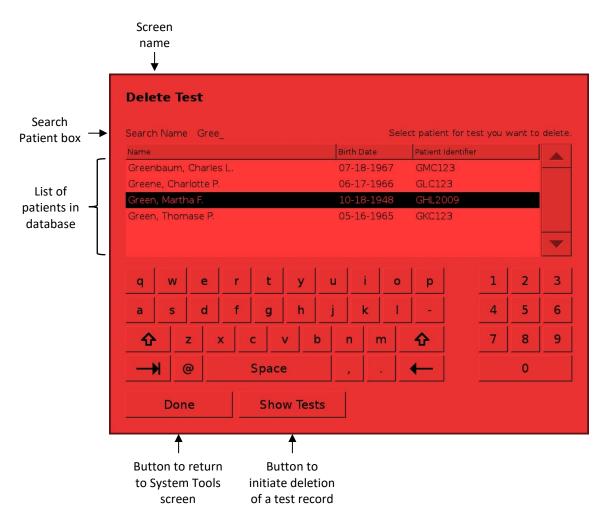
<u>Cancel & Done</u> – Press the Cancel & Done button at the bottom of the screen to abandon the edits without saving them, retaining the original protocol unchanged, and return to the System Tools screen.

<u>Save & Done</u> – Press the Save & Done button at the bottom of the screen to save the edits as a revised protocol and return to the System Tools screen.

# User Tips

- Note that the test location is specified as a field view, not a physical location. For example, a location 5° inferior on the vertical meridian in the field view is physically located 5° superior on the vertical meridian.
- Upon entering the Add Protocol screen, the Protocol Name field will initially be active. Pressing the "tab" key at the lower left of the press screen keyboard will advance to the next field. Alternately, a field can be made active by pressing it.
- Entries can be corrected by pressing on the field to be corrected and using the "backspace" key at the lower right of the press screen keyboard to erase the entry.

#### 5.3.5 Delete Test Selection



The Delete Test screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). Deletion of test records is initiated by identifying the patient for whom test records are to be deleted.

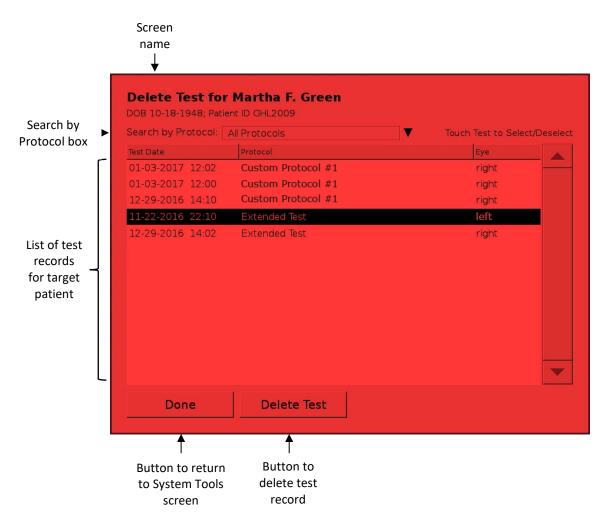
<u>Select Patient</u> – As illustrated above, the Delete Test screen initially displays a scrollable list of all patients in the AdaptDx database. Typing all or part of a patient's name in the Search Patient box above the list narrows the display to matching entries. Pressing a name in the list selects that patient.

<u>Proceed to Selection of Tests for Deletion</u> – Press the Show Tests button at the bottom of the screen to proceed. The Show Tests button will not become active until a patient is selected from the scrollable list.

## **User Tips**

• The display of patient names lists only the most recent name associated with a Patient Identifier. If a patient's name is changed—for example to correct a misspelling or when the patient gets married—all information for that patient will be linked to the new name.

#### 5.3.6 Delete Test



After identification of the patient for whom test records are to be deleted (see Section 5.3.5), the Delete Test screen converts to a display of all test records for that patient. As illustrated above, the name of the target patient is displayed at the top of the screen, and the test records appear in a scrollable window. Specific test records can be selected and deleted.

<u>Narrow Choices</u> – The Search by Protocol box above the scrollable display can be used to narrow the choices. The pre-populated default option is All Protocols, which displays all prior tests for the target patient in reverse chronological order. Pressing the triangle beside the Search by Protocol box launches a protocol picker that narrows the display to those matching a particular test protocol.

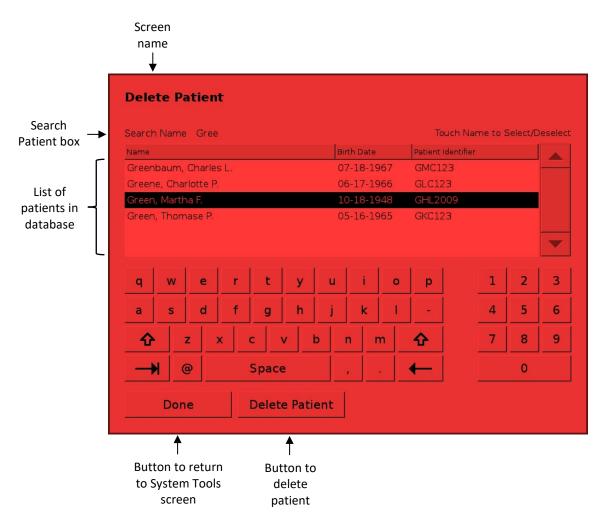
<u>Delete Test</u> – To delete a test record, press the appropriate test date/protocol/eye combination in the scrollable list to select it and then press the Delete Test button at the bottom of the screen. The Delete Test button will not become active until a test record is selected from the scrollable list.

When all desired deletions have been made, press the Done button at the bottom of the screen to return to the System Tools screen.

# User Tips

• If a test record is inadvertently deleted, it may be possible to restore the record to the AdaptDx database using the Back Up/Restore Data tool (see Section 5.3.1).

#### 5.3.7 Delete Patient



The Delete Patient screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2).

<u>Select Patient</u> – As illustrated above, the Delete Patient screen displays a scrollable list of all patients in the AdaptDx database. Typing all or part of a patient's name in the Search Patient box above the list narrows the display to matching entries. Pressing a name in the list selects that patient for deletion.

<u>Delete Patient</u> – Press the Delete Patient button at the bottom of the screen to delete the selected patient. The Delete Patient button will not become active until a patient name is selected from the scrollable list.

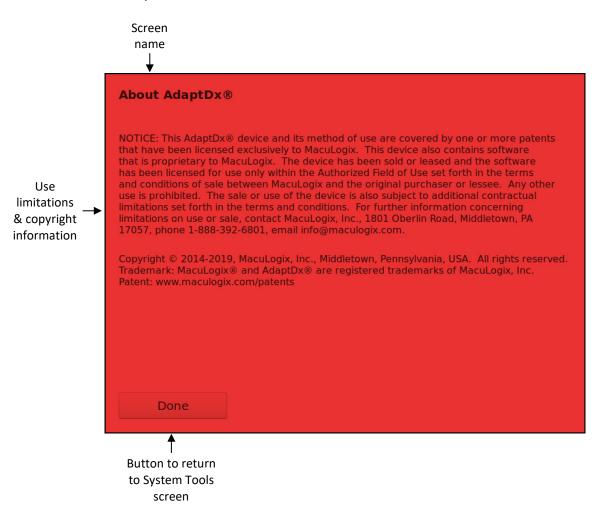
When all desired deletions have been made, press the Done button at the bottom of the screen to return to the System Tools screen.

# **User Tips**

- If a patient record is inadvertently deleted, it may be possible to restore the record to the AdaptDx database using the Back Up/Restore Data tool (see Section 5.3.1).
- The display of patient names lists only the most recent name associated with a Patient Identifier. If a patient's name is changed—for example to correct a misspelling or when the patient gets married—all information for that patient will be linked to the new name.

#### 5.4 Information

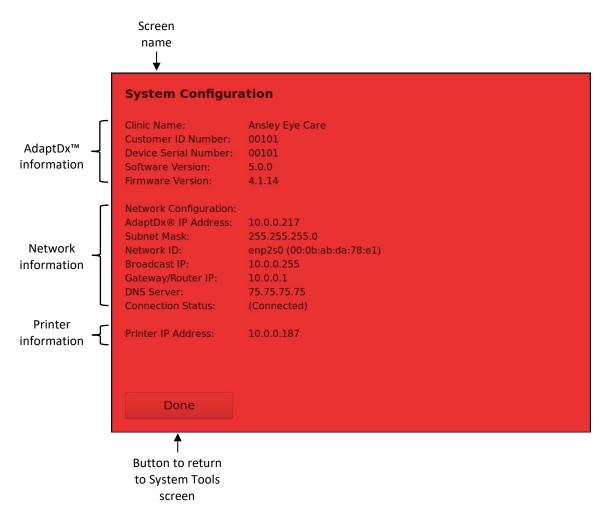
#### 5.4.1 About AdaptDx



The About AdaptDx screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It provides use limitations and copyright information.

<u>Done</u> – Press the Done button at the bottom of the screen to return to the System Tools screen.

## 5.4.2 Display System Configuration

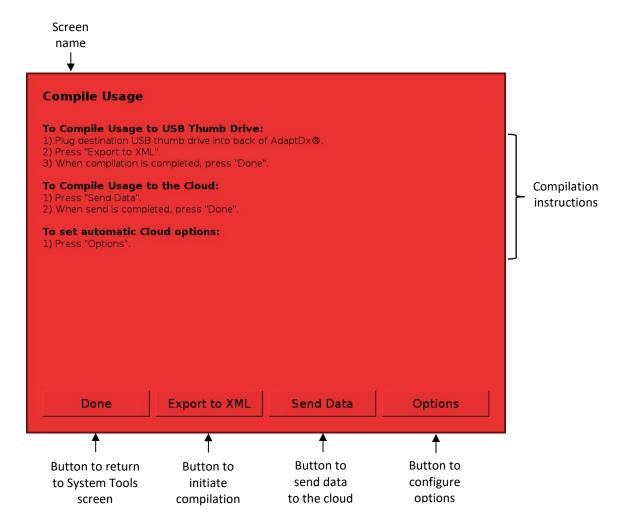


The System Configuration screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It provides basic information about the AdaptDx, the network to which it is connected (if applicable), and the printer to which it is connected (if applicable). Press the Done button to return to the System Tools screen.

#### **User Tips**

• When contacting MacuLogix for service or other support (see Section 7), the System Information screen provides valuable information to help orient the technician.

#### 5.4.3 Compile Usage



The Compile Usage screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). Utilization statistics can be saved to a local flash drive (via "Export to XML") or transmitted to MacuLogix over the internet (via "Send Data"). With the first option, the utilization statistics are exported to a USB thumb drive or other USB storage device plugged into either of the USB ports on the back of the AdaptDx (see Section 2.2). With the second option, utilization data will be sent to the secure MacuLogix server provided a network connection has been configured (see Section 5.5.2 or 5.5.3). As illustrated above, step-by-step on-screen instructions are provided.

<u>Options</u> – The "Options" screen allows the operator to select the frequency of utilization data transmission to MacuLogix. Available options include Never, Daily, Weekly, or Monthly. Automatic sends are always checked and performed (if necessary) upon AdaptDx boot.

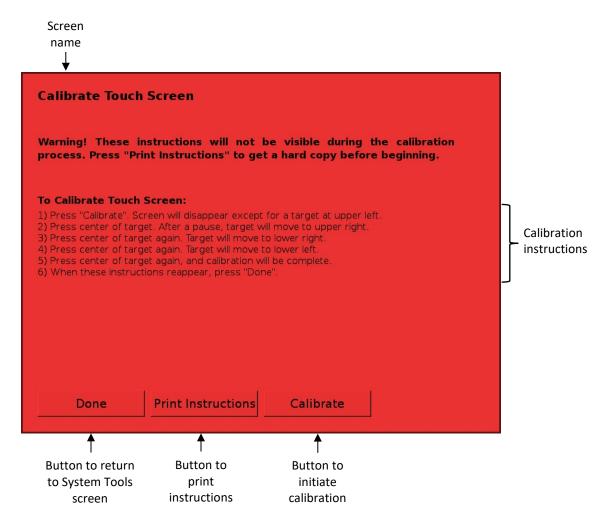
<u>Done</u> – After the compilation is completed, remove any USB storage device and press the Done button at the bottom of the screen to return to the System Tools screen.

# User Tips

• This utility is principally intended to support maintenance.

### 5.5 Configuration & Maintenance

#### 5.5.1 Calibrate Press Screen



The Calibrate Press Screen utility is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It ensures proper alignment of the press screen sensing region with the underlying monitor image. As illustrated above, step-by-step instructions are provided for the calibration procedure.

<u>Print Instructions</u> – Press the Print Instructions button at the bottom of the screen to print a copy of the calibration instructions. The instruction should be printed or copied before initiating calibration as they will not be visible during the calibration process.

<u>Calibrate</u> – Press the Calibrate button at the bottom of the screen to initiate calibration, then follow the step-by-step calibration instructions.

<u>Done</u> – Press the Done button at the bottom of the screen to return to the System Tools screen.

# **User Tips**

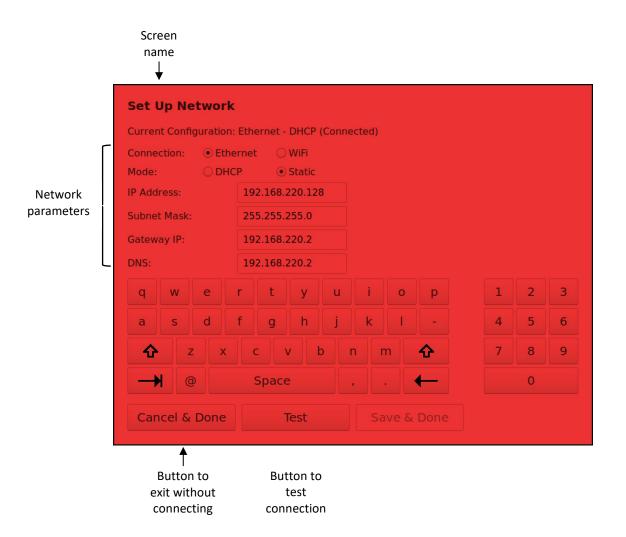
• The AdaptDx press screen was factory calibrated. It should not be recalibrated unless problems are experienced with the press screen operation. It is recommended that you contact MacuLogix for support before attempting to recalibrate the press screen (see Section 7).

## 5.5.2 Set Up Network

The Set Up Network screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It establishes a connection between the AdaptDx and a local area network. Both static IP address and automatic Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) connections are supported. The default mode is Ethernet and DHCP.

There is support for both Ethernet and WiFi, and either type of connection can be a static IP address or DHCP.

The current network configuration is listed at the top of the screen.



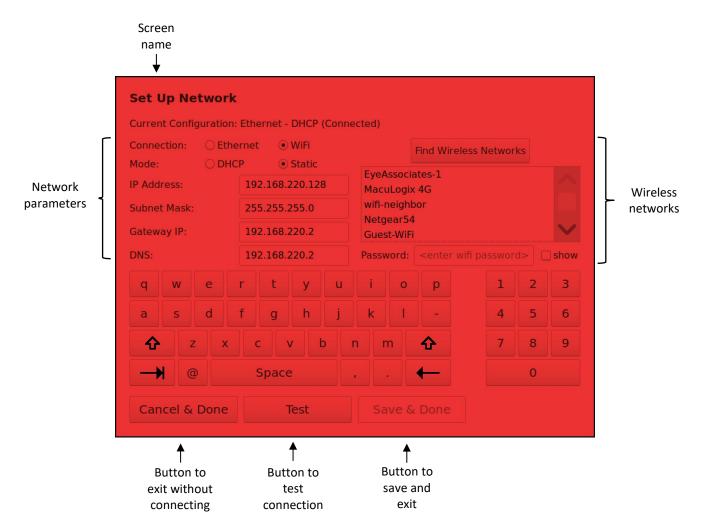
As illustrated above, in static IP address Ethernet mode the network parameters are entered manually. Ask your office information technology (IT) group for the local area network parameters.

Before establishing an ethernet network connection, the AdaptDx must be physically wired to the network by plugging an Ethernet cable from the network into the Ethernet port on the back of the instrument (see Section 2.2).

<u>Cancel & Done</u> – Press the Cancel & Done button at the bottom of the screen to exit without completing the network connection and return to the System Tools screen.

<u>Test</u> – Press the Test button at the bottom of the screen to test your connection. If successful, a Loading New Configuration popup will display followed by a Success popup. If unsuccessful, a Failure popup will display.

<u>Save & Done</u> – Press the Save & Done button at the bottom of the screen to complete the network connection and return to the System Tools screen.



As illustrated above, in static IP address WiFi mode, you have the option of selecting from a list of wireless networks. Note that only secured wireless networks can be connected to. In addition to setting the static IP address parameters as done just above, you'll also need to set up the wireless network information. Pressing the Find Wireless Network button will show a scrollable list of available networks. Enter the password for the network as well as network parameters. Ask your office information technology (IT) group for wireless network parameters.

Special characters are allowed for the password. Pressing the shift button on the on-screen keyboard will change the number field to a special character field for entry. The password will initially appear as dots; however, the show checkbox will allow you to see the password. If an external keyboard is plugged in, you will have access to additional special characters of a standard US keyboard; some special characters may not be available.

<u>Cancel & Done</u> – Press the Cancel & Done button at the bottom of the screen to exit without completing the network connection and return to the System Tools screen.

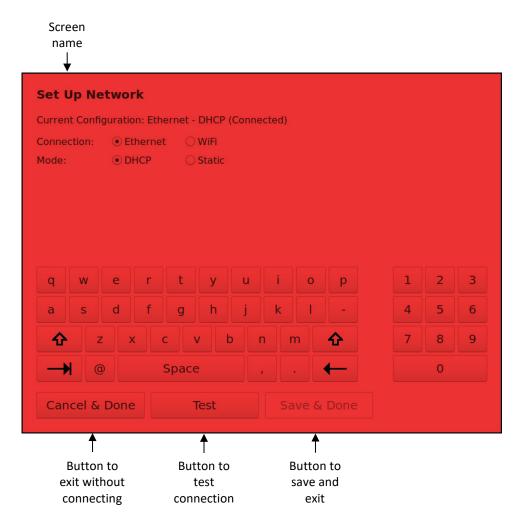
<u>Test</u> – Press the Test button at the bottom of the screen to test your connection. If successful, a Loading New Configuration popup will display followed by a Success popup. If unsuccessful, a Failure popup will display.

<u>Save & Done</u> – Press the Save & Done button at the bottom of the screen to complete the network connection and return to the System Tools screen.

# User Tips

• Before establishing a network connection to the AdaptDx, ask your office information technology (IT) group if there are any special requirements related to your local area or WiFi network.

#### 5.5.2.3 DHCP Ethernet Mode



As illustrated above, in DHCP mode the AdaptDx will automatically establish a network connection and display the network parameters.

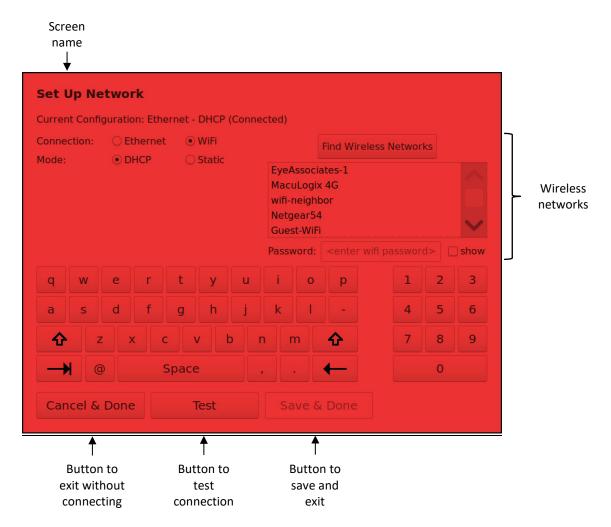
Before establishing an ethernet network connection, the AdaptDx must be physically wired to the network by plugging an Ethernet cable from the network into the Ethernet port on the back of the instrument (see Section 2.2). If your router is properly configured there are no additional steps.

<u>Cancel & Done</u> – Press the Cancel & Done button at the bottom of the screen to exit without completing the network connection and return to the System Tools screen.

<u>Test</u> – Press the Test button at the bottom of the screen to test your connection. If successful, a Loading New Configuration popup will display followed by a Success popup. If unsuccessful, a Failure popup will display.

<u>Save & Done</u> – Press the Save & Done button at the bottom of the screen to complete the network connection and return to the System Tools screen.

#### 5.5.2.4 DHCP WiFi Mode



<u>As illustrated above, in DHCP WiFi mode, you have the option of selecting from a list of wireless</u> networks. Note that only secured wireless networks can be connected to. Pressing the Find Wireless Network button will show a scrollable list of available networks. Enter the password for the network as well as network parameters.

Special characters are allowed for the password. Pressing the shift button on the on-screen keyboard will change the number field to a special character field for entry. The password will initially appear as dots; however, the show checkbox will allow you to see the password. If an external keyboard is plugged in, you will have access to additional special characters of a standard US keyboard; some special characters may not be available.

<u>Cancel & Done</u> – Press the Cancel & Done button at the bottom of the screen to exit without completing the network connection and return to the System Tools screen.

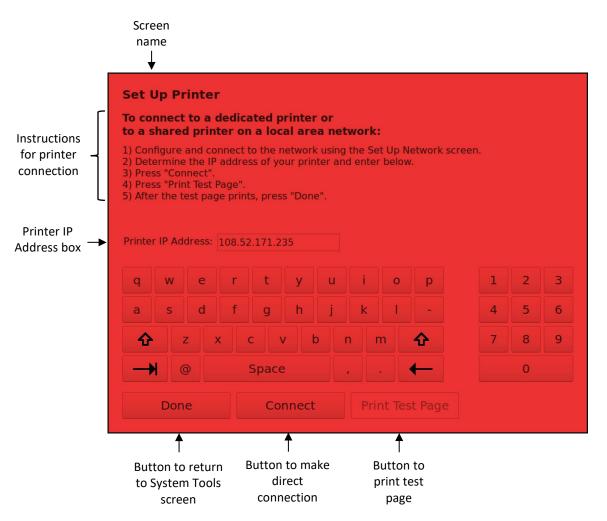
<u>Test</u> – Press the Test button at the bottom of the screen to test your connection. If successful, a Loading New Configuration popup will display followed by a Success popup. If unsuccessful, a Failure popup will display.

<u>Save & Done</u> – Press the Save & Done button at the bottom of the screen to complete the network connection and return to the System Tools screen.

# User Tips

• Before establishing a network connection to the AdaptDx, ask your office information technology (IT) group if there are any special requirements related to your local area or WiFi network.

#### 5.5.3 Set Up Printer



The Set Up Printer screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It enables connection to a dedicated AdaptDx printer or to a local area network with a shared office printer. As illustrated above, step-by-step instructions are provided.

To establish a standard wired or wireless network connection, the AdaptDx must be connected to the same network as the printer.

To establish a direct printer connection, the AdaptDx must first be physically wired to the printer by plugging one end of an Ethernet cable into the Ethernet port (NOT the USB port) on the back of the AdaptDx and plugging the other end of the cable directly into a dedicated printer or into a local area network with a shared printer (see Section 2.2). Note: If you are directly connected to the printer, you cannot be connected to the network at the same time.

<u>Connect</u> – Enter the printer IP address into the Printer IP Address box in the middle of the screen and press the Connect button at the bottom of the screen to complete printer set up. For a dedicated printer, see the separate printer manual for instruction on how to find the printer IP address. Additionally, the gateway in Network setting must be set to 0.0.0.0. For a shared printer on a local area network, ask your office information technology (IT) group for the printer IP address.

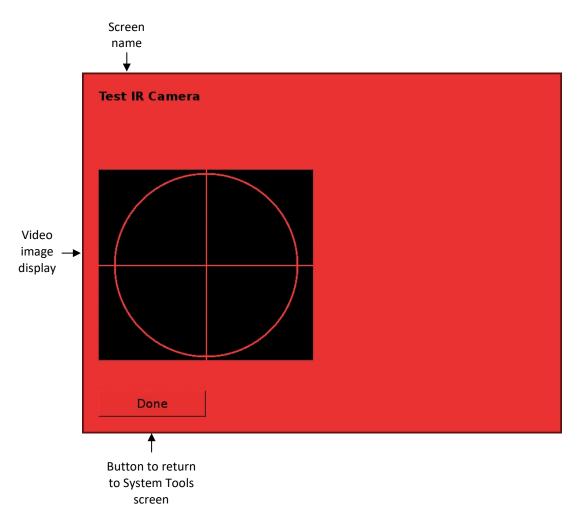
<u>Print Test Page</u> – Press the Print Test Page button at the bottom of the screen to confirm successful printer set up.

<u>Done</u> – Press the Done button at the bottom of the screen to return to the System Tools screen. Leaving the Set Up Printer screen before fully completing the instructions will result in the printer not being connected.

## **User Tips**

• For a list of printers that are supported by the AdaptDx, contact MacuLogix at 1-888-392-6801 Monday through Friday between 9:00 AM and 5:00 PM US Eastern time.

#### 5.5.4 Test IR Camera



The Test IR Camera screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It provides confirmation that the IR camera is functioning properly. As illustrated above, a video image is displayed on the left half of the Monitor screen.

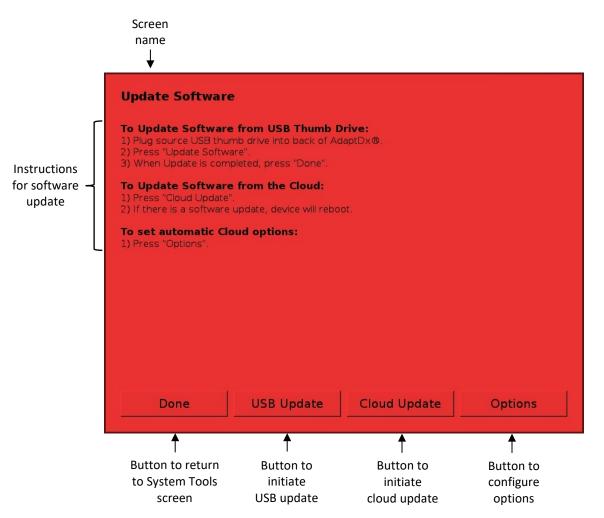
<u>Test IR Camera</u> – To check for proper operation, position a picture or page of text in front of the trial lens holder facing the back of the viewing tunnel (see Section 4.2.2). The picture or text should be clearly visible in the video image display.

<u>Done</u> – Press the Done button at the bottom of the screen to return to the System Tools screen.

#### **User Tips**

• If the IR camera is not functioning properly or is badly out of focus, contact MacuLogix for support (see Section 7).

#### 5.5.5 Update Software



The Update Software screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It updates the AdaptDx software from a USB thumb drive, or from a secure MacuLogix server, provided a network connection has been configured (see Section 5.5.2 or 5.5.3). As illustrated above, step-by-step on-screen instructions are provided for performing a software update.

<u>USB Update</u> – After removing any existing thumb drives from the back of the AdaptDx, plug a MacuLogix provided USB thumb drive containing a software update into either of the USB ports on the back of the AdaptDx (see Section 2.2). Press the Update Software button at the bottom of the screen to initiate the update. When the software update is successful, the system will automatically initiate a system reboot. During this reboot you should remove the MacuLogix supplied thumb drive containing the software update and reinsert any previously removed thumb drives.

<u>Cloud Update</u> – Pressing the Cloud Update button will check the secure MacuLogix server to determine if this unit has any software updates available. If so, it will install the update and automatically initiate a system reboot upon success.

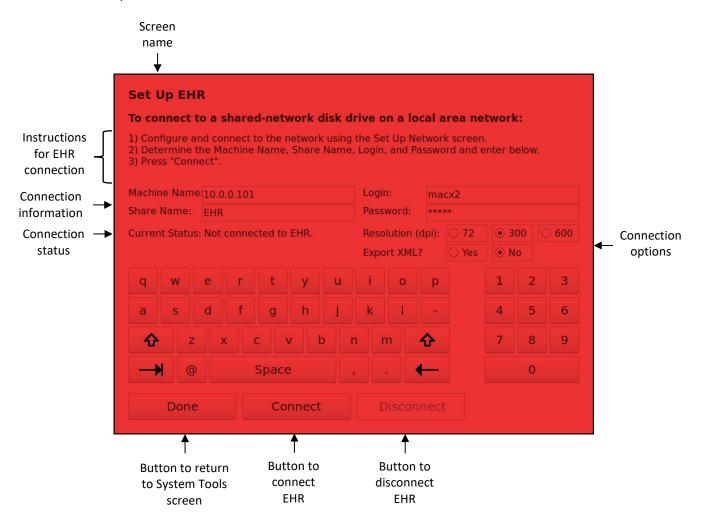
<u>Done</u> – If the software update was unsuccessful, or the USB Update or Cloud Update button was untouched, press the Done button at the bottom of the screen to return to the System Tools screen. You may then reinsert any previously removed thumb drives.

<u>Options</u> – The "Options" screen allows the operator to select the frequency of automatically checking and installing updates from the secure MacuLogix server. Available options include Never, Daily, Weekly, or Monthly. Automatic updates are always checked and performed (if necessary) upon AdaptDx boot.

# **User Tips**

- This utility is principally intended to support maintenance.
- A progress screen will appear during the software update operation and disappear after the operation is completed, signifying that the USB thumb device can be removed and the AdaptDx can be returned to normal operation (after the system has rebooted).

#### 5.5.6 Set Up EHR



The Set Up EHR screen is accessed from the System Tools screen (see Section 5.1.2). It enables connection to an EHR shared-network disk drive connected to the same local area network as the AdaptDx.

To establish an EHR connection, the AdaptDx must first be connected to a local area network (see Sections 5.5.2 and 5.5.3) with a shared-network disk drive which the EHR uses to import data. The Machine Name, Share Name, Login, and Password information appropriate for this shared-network disk drive will be required. Note that the share name and login username may contain spaces.

It is recommended that you use an IP address for the Machine Name field.

Special characters are allowed for the EHR password. Pressing the shift button on the on-screen keyboard will change the number field to a special character field for entry. If an external keyboard is plugged in, you will have access to additional special characters.

<u>Connect</u> – Enter the Machine Name, Share Name, Login, and Password in the appropriate text fields on the screen. Note that the Machine Name may be an IP Address or the alpha-numeric

text name of the computer. The password entered will not be displayed as typed. An asterisk character (\*) will appear instead for each character entered. After successfully entering all 4 values, press Connect. If the connection is successful, the Current Status field will change to "Connected to EHR". This connection will be maintained as long as the AdaptDx is powered up, and if the machine is restarted, the connection will be automatically restored.

<u>Disconnect</u> – Press the Disconnect button to disconnect from the current EHR shared-network disk drive. All connection information will be saved, but no connection will be attempted until Connect is touched again.

<u>Done</u> – Press the Done button at the bottom of the screen to return to the System Tools screen. Leaving the Set Up EHR screen before fully completing the instructions will result in the EHR not being connected.

# User Tips

- The Resolution radio buttons on this screen control the resolution of the JPEG files uploaded to the EHR system. 300 dpi is the default and should work for most EHR systems. Higher resolution images will be uploaded if 600 dpi is selected, and lower resolution images will be uploaded.
- The "Export XML?" radio buttons control whether or not XML patient data is uploaded to the EHR system. Some EHR system support this feature. The default is not to upload this data.

# 6 Clinical Performance Data

# 6.1 Summary

The results of two studies are provided to characterize the clinical performance of the AdaptDx.

<u>AdaptDx vs. Goldmann-Weekers Agreement Study</u> – This study compared the AdaptDx to the Goldmann-Weekers Adaptometer. Both devices were used to test 12 adults having a range of eye health status and physiological responses. Dark adaptation speed as characterized by both the rod-cone break and the Rod Intercept parameters was found to be highly correlated between the two instruments. Details are provided in Section 6.2.

<u>AdaptDx Precision Study</u> – This study assessed the measurement error (precision) of the AdaptDx. The study population consisted of 14 adults with normal retinal health and 8 patients with agerelated macular degeneration (AMD) having a broad range of dark adaptation speeds. Each participant was tested twice with the AdaptDx, separated by two weeks. Dark adaptation speed was characterized using both the rod-cone break and the Rod Intercept parameters. For comparison, similar measurements were made on a separate group of 6 normal adults using the Goldmann-Weekers Adaptometer. The measurement errors for both devices are summarized in the following table. Dark adaptation speeds for the AdaptDx were highly correlated between the first and second visits for both parameters. Furthermore, the rod-cone break and Rod Intercept parameters were highly correlated with each other. Details are provided in Section 6.3.

Comparison of Measurement Errors (minutes)					
for AdaptDx and Goldmann-Weekers Adaptometer					
		Normal	AMD	Comphined	
		Adults	Patients	Combined	
AdaptDx	Rod-Cone Break	1.2	1.0	1.1	
	Rod Intercept	1.2	0.9	1.1	
Goldmann-	Rod-Cone Break	1.2	NA	NA	
Weekers	Rod Intercept	1.7	NA	NA	

### 6.2 AdaptDx vs. Goldmann-Weekers Agreement Study

The purpose of this study was to compare the AdaptDx to the Goldmann-Weekers Adaptometer. Because dark adaptometers do not provide standardized measurements or have standardized interpretations, the criterion for comparison was the correlation of dark adaptation speed.

The study sample consisted of 12 participants with a range of eye health status, including 8 healthy volunteers (normal), 2 participants with age-related macular degeneration (AMD) and 1 participant with diabetic retinopathy (DR), providing a broad range of physiological responses. In particular, normal adults are known to exhibit relatively rapid dark adaptation, whereas AMD patients are known to exhibit relatively slow dark adaptation [1].

Each participant's dark adaptation was measured with both the AdaptDx and the Goldmann-Weekers. The AdaptDx measurements were made using the default device settings listed in Section 4.2.3. The order of testing was counter balanced between the participants. The speed of dark adaptation was estimated using two parameters: the rod-cone break and the Rod Intercept. The rod-cone break is the time at which rods become more sensitive than cones and is characterized by the classic inflection point in the dark adaptation function. The Rod Intercept is the time at which visual sensitivity recovers to a criterion level (0.0074 scot mlx). For the AdaptDx, the device automatically reports the Rod Intercept parameter, and the rod-cone break was estimated by hand. For the Goldmann-Weekers, both the rod-cone break and Rod Intercept parameters were estimated by hand.

Estimated rod-cone break and Rod Intercept values for each participant are listed in Table 6.2-1. The relationship between dark adaptation speeds as measured on both devices was tested by the Pearson correlation coefficient for each parameter.

- Rod-cone break parameters are significantly correlated between the AdaptDx and Goldmann-Weekers adaptometer (r = 0.71, p = 0.0132). The relationship between the rod cone-break parameters measured by each machine is shown in Figure 6.2-1A.
- Rod intercept parameters are significantly correlated between the AdaptDx and Goldmann-Weekers adaptometer (r = 0.75, p = 0.008). The relationship between the Rod Intercept parameters measured by each machine is shown in Figure 6.2-1B.

Thus, dark adaptation speed as measured by the AdaptDx and Goldmann-Weekers Adaptometer is highly correlated. That is to say, those individuals with faster dark adaptation as measured on the AdaptDx exhibit faster dark adaptation as measured on the Goldmann-Weekers, and conversely, patients with slower dark adaptation as measured on the AdaptDx exhibit slower dark adaptation as measured on the AdaptDx exhibit slower dark adaptation as measured on the AdaptDx exhibit slower dark adaptation as measured on the AdaptDx exhibit slower dark adaptation as measured on the AdaptDx exhibit slower dark adaptation as measured on the AdaptDx exhibit slower dark adaptation on the Goldmann-Weekers.

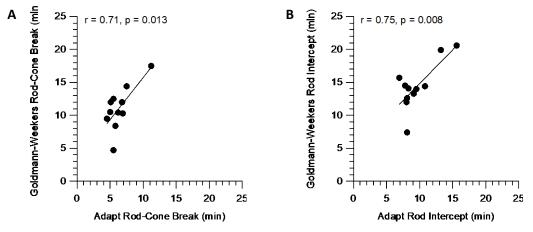
# References

1 Jackson GR, Owsley C, Curcio CA. Photoreceptor degeneration and dysfunction in aging and age-related maculopathy. *Aging Res Rev* 2002;1(3):381-86

		AdaptDx		Goldmann-Weekers	
		Rod-Cone	Rod	Rod-Cone	Rod
Participant	Eye Health	Break	Intercept	Break	Intercept
		(minutes)	(minutes)	(minutes)	(minutes)
1	normal	5.8	8	8.4	12
2	normal	5.5	8.1	4.7	7.4
3	normal	4.5	6.9	9.5	15.7
4	normal	6.2	10.8	10.4	14.4
5	normal	6.8	9.5	12	14
6	AMD	11.2	15.6	17.5	20.6
7	normal	6.9	9.1	10.3	13.3
8	AMD	none <sup>1</sup>	none <sup>1</sup>	none <sup>1</sup>	none <sup>1</sup>
9	normal	5	8.1	10.5	12.6
10	normal	5.5	8.3	12.5	14.1
11	AMD	7.5	13.2	14.4	19.9
12	DR	5.2	7.8	12	14.5

#### Table 6.2-1. Dark Adaptation Parameter Values

<sup>1</sup>Participant with late AMD exhibited minimal sensitivity recovery during dark adaptation measurements and had no identifiable rod cone break or Rod Intercept on the AdaptDx or Goldmann-Weekers.



**Figure 6.2-1.** Dark adaptation speed measured on the AdaptDx and the Goldmann-Weekers Adaptometer is highly correlated, whether estimated using the rod-cone break (A) or the Rod Intercept (B).

## 6.3 AdaptDx Precision Study

The purpose of this study was to assess the measurement error (precision) of the AdaptDx in participants with a broad range of dark adaptation speeds. The study sample consisted of 14 adults with normal retinal health (mean age = 47 years, range = 28 to 75 years) and 8 patients with age-related macular degeneration (mean age = 74 years, range 63 to 87 years). Normal adults are known to exhibit relatively rapid dark adaptation, whereas AMD patients are known to exhibit relatively slow dark adaptation [1].

Each participant's dark adaptation was measured twice with the AdaptDx. The measurements were made using the default device settings listed in Section 4.2.3. The second dark adaptation measurement was made two weeks after the first measurement. The speed of each dark adaptation function was characterized by two parameters: the rod-cone break and the Rod Intercept. The rod-cone break is the time at which rods become more sensitive than cones and is characterized by the classic inflection point in the dark adaptation function. The Rod Intercept is the time at which visual sensitivity recovers to a criterion level (0.0074 scot mlx). The rod-cone break and the Rod Intercept were estimated using an unbiased modeling method [2]. Measurement error was calculated using a method based on within standard deviation, as described by Bland & Altman [3].

Representative dark adaptation curves for a participant with normal retinal health and a participant with AMD are shown in Figure 6.3-1. Estimated rod-cone break values and Rod Intercept values for each participant are listed in Table 6.3-1.

- Using the rod-cone break parameter, the measurement errors for the normal group, the AMD group and the combined study population were 1.2, 1.0 and 1.1 minutes, respectively. Overall, there was no relationship between the variability of the measurement as a function of the magnitude of the rod-cone break (Pearson r = 0.02, p = 0.91; Figure 6.3-2A), and the two rod-cone break estimates were highly correlated (Pearson r = 0.83, p < 0.0001; Figure 6.3-3A).</li>
- Using the Rod Intercept parameter, the measurement errors for the normal group, the AMD group and the combined study population were 1.2, 0.9 and 1.1 minutes, respectively. Overall, the Rod Intercept measurement variability did not increase with the magnitude of the Rod Intercept (Pearson r = 0.28, p = 0.21; Figure 6.3-2B), and the two Rod Intercept estimates were highly correlated (Pearson r = 0.89, p < 0.0001; Figure 6.3-3B).</li>

Thus, the AdaptDx provides highly repeatable estimates of dark adaptation speed using either parameter. Furthermore, the rod cone break and Rod Intercept parameters are highly correlated with each other (Pearson r = 0.89, p < 0.0001 for first visit; Pearson r = 0.82, p < 0.0001 for second visit; Figure 6.3-4).

To put the AdaptDx precision in perspective, we collected test-retest data on 6 normal adults with the Goldmann-Weekers Adaptometer. Rod-cone break and Rod Intercept values for each participant are listed in Table 6.3-2. Measurement error for the rod-cone break time was calculated to be 1.2 minutes. Measurement error for the Rod Intercept parameter was calculated to be 1.7 minutes. A summary comparison of the measurement errors for the two devices is show in Table 6.3-3.

#### References

- 1 Jackson GR, Owsley C, Curcio CA. Photoreceptor degeneration and dysfunction in aging and age-related maculopathy. *Aging Res Rev* 2002;1(3):381-86
- 2 Jackson GR, Edwards JG. A short-duration dark adaptation protocol for the assessment of agerelated maculopathy. J Ocul Biol Dis Infor 2008;1:7-11
- 3 Bland JM, Altman DG. Statistics Notes: Measurement error. BMJ 1996;313(7059):744

				iptex	
Rod-Cone Break Rod Interc					
Participant	Eye Health	(minutes)		(minutes)	
		Test 1	Test 2	Test 1	Test 2
1	normal	5.31	5.86	8.65	9.28
2	normal	4.53	4.67	8.89	8.87
3	normal	4.23	4.51	9.78	9.63
4	normal	4.52	4.53	9.72	9.80
5	normal	5.48	4.52	6.27	6.39
6	normal	4.84	3.00	7.00	9.47
7	normal	4.32	6.20	8.62	9.18
8	normal	4.64	4.55	8.61	8.29
9	normal	5.95	6.05	12.76	11.29
10	normal	4.51	2.75	9.12	6.09
11	normal	3.43	3.13	8.22	6.72
12	normal	13.80	8.50	18.23	13.75
13	AMD	4.72	4.37	9.12	8.68
14	normal	7.51	7.00	11.48	11.15
15	normal	5.02	4.20	8.21	6.72
16	AMD	3.44	3.14	9.25	9.30
17	AMD	6.72	5.84	12.52	11.26
18	AMD	8.73	6.99	13.43	12.44
19	AMD	5.01	3.95	10.70	10.90
20	AMD	6.86	4.79	12.45	10.72
21	AMD	7.53	5.08	13.83	11.34
22	AMD	10.44	9.68	17.51	17.13

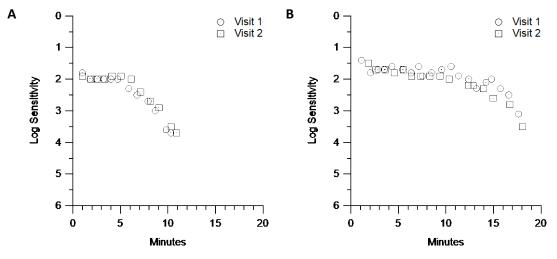
 Table 6.3-1:
 Test-Retest Values for AdaptDx

 Table 6.3-2:
 Test-Retest Values for Goldmann-Weekers Adaptometer

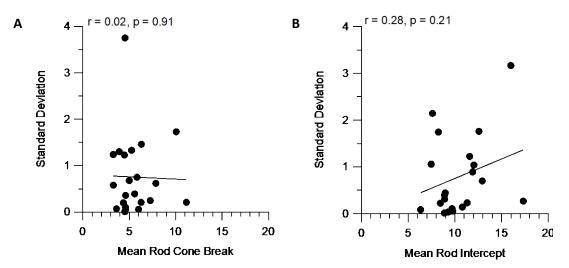
Participant	Eye Health	Rod-Cone Break ealth (minutes)		Rod Intercept (minutes)	
		Test 1	Test 2	Test 1	Test 2
1	normal	12.1	14.2	14.2	15.9
2	normal	9.5	11.1	12.5	13.5
3	normal	11.0	11.4	14.0	14.8
4	normal	8.5	9.0	12.0	12.5
5	normal	5.0	8.2	8.0	13.2
6	normal	9.7	9.5	16.0	14.2

Table 6.3-3: Comparison of AdaptDx and Goldmann-Weekers Precision

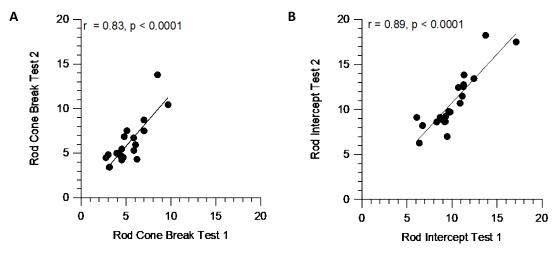
		Measure	(minutes)		
Device	Parameter	Normal	AMD	Combined	
		Adults	Patients	Combined	
AdaptIM	Rod-Cone Break	1.2	1.0	1.1	
Adapt™	Rod Intercept	1.2	0.9	1.1	
Coldmann Weekers	Rod-Cone Break	1.2	NA	NA	
Goldmann-Weekers	Rod Intercept	1.7	NA	NA	



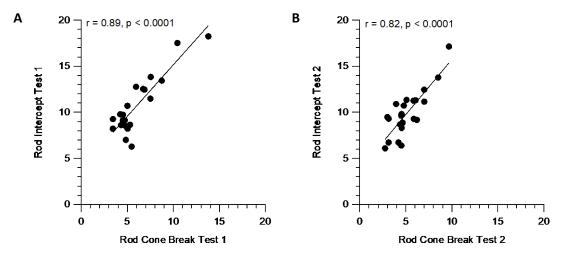
**Figure 6.3-1:** Dark adaptation curves for a participant with normal retinal health (A) and a participant with AMD (B) measured on the AdaptDx. Visit 1 and Visit 2 occurred on separate days.



**Figure 6.3-2:** Plots of within standard deviation as a function of rod-cone break estimates (A) and Rod Intercept estimates (B) measured on the AdaptDx. There was no relationship between the magnitude and the variability of the measurements.



**Figure 6.3-3:** Scatter plots of dark adaptation parameters measured on the AdaptDx. Rodcone break estimates (A) and Rod Intercept estimates (B) were highly correlated between the first and second visits.



**Figure 6.3-4:** Rod-cone break and Rod Intercept estimates measured on the AdaptDx are highly correlated within the first visit (A) and second visit (B).

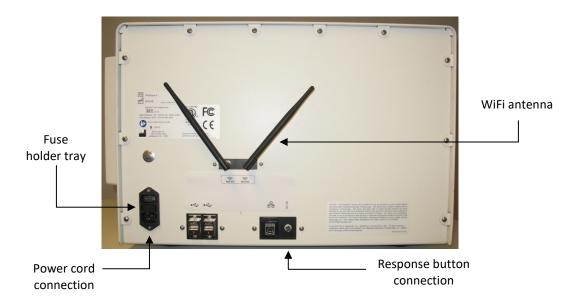
# 7 Maintenance, Cleaning & Disposal

# 7.1 Maintenance

MacuLogix provides return-to-factory service for the AdaptDx. Contact MacuLogix at 1-888-392-6801 Monday through Friday between 9:00 AM and 5:00 PM US Eastern time if you encounter any problems requiring maintenance.

IMPORTANT: Before returning the AdaptDx to the factory, back up the database using the Back Up/Restore Data tool (see Section 5.3.1).

The only maintenance activities that should be performed by the operator are replacement, if necessary, of the response button, power cord, fuses or antennas.



Back of AdaptDx

- To replace the response button, plug the new response button cord into the jack receptacle on the back of the AdaptDx (labeled "response button connection" in the picture above). Use only a response button supplied by MacuLogix.
- To replace the power cord, plug one end of the new power cord into the power cord receptacle on the back of the AdaptDx (labeled "power cord connection" in the picture above) and the other end into a standard, three-prong, grounded electrical outlet. The shape of the power cord plugs allows only one cord orientation. Use only a medical grade power cord.
- To replace the fuses, remove the fuse holder tray from the power entry module on the back of the AdaptDx (labeled "fuse holder tray" in the picture above). A small flat screw driver or other tool will be required to release the fuse tray from the housing. Place new fuses in the holder, and insert the holder tray back into the AdaptDx. Use only a fuse rated FST 5x20, 250V, 2.5A, T, L . If frequent replacement of the fuse is necessary, contact MacuLogix at 1-888-392-6801 Monday through Friday between 9:00 AM and 5:00 PM US Eastern time.

• To replace an antenna, first straighten the antenna so it is pointing straight back from the rear surface of the AdaptDx. Grip the base of the antenna close to the connector on the rear of the AdaptDx and turn counter-clockwise until it becomes disconnected. Install the new antenna and tighten with a clockwise rotation. Orient the antennas as shown in the picture above.

# 7.2 Cleaning

The only routine cleaning required is regular swabbing of the patient contact points and periodic cleaning of the press screen.

- The patient contact points (chin rest, forehead rest, and response button) should be swabbed between each patient. Any conventional cleaner can be used, such as alcohol wipes, disinfectant, or soap and water. However, the response button should not be immersed in a cleaning solution.
- The press screen should be cleaned as necessary using a soft cloth or tissue about four layers thick folded into a cleaning pad approximately 10 cm x 10 cm. Moisten the cleaning pad with isopropyl alcohol and wipe slowly from the center of the press screen to the edge. Do not apply the isopropyl alcohol or any other solvent directly to the press screen. Do not wipe a dry cleaning pad or other cloth across the press screen. These actions can damage the surface.

#### 7.3 Disposal

The AdaptDx includes electronics, display screens and other components that may release toxic materials into the environment with improper disposal. Disposal of the AdaptDx should be in accordance with applicable state and local law for disposal of electronic equipment. See the separate printer manual, if applicable, for additional information on disposal.

# 8 Electrical Safety & Electromagnetic Compatibility

#### 8.1 AdaptDx IEC 60601-1 Classifications

- Class I (type of protection against electrical shock)
- Type B (degree of protection against electrical shock)
- Ordinary IPX0 (degree of protection against ingress of water)
- Not sterile
- Not suitable for use in the presence of a flammable anesthetics mixture with air or with oxygen or with nitrous oxide
- Continuous mode of operation

#### 8.2 Electrical Safety

The AdaptDx and all its accessories are suitable for use in a patient environment. The chin rest, forehead rest, and response button are applied parts that contact the patient.

WARNING: To avoid risk of electric shock, this equipment must only be connected to supply mains with protective earth.

WARNING: No modification of this equipment is allowed.

WARNING: Do not attempt to remove any of the AdaptDx covers or modify the system in any way. Only an authorized AdaptDx service technician should perform repairs or make modifications to the system. Removing covers or modifying the system could result in electrical shock or other safety hazards.

WARNING: Do not simultaneously press the patient and any part of the AdaptDx while a cover is removed or a cable is unplugged. This could result in electrical shock.

The AdaptDx should be located such that the Power Cord connection to the supply mains remains accessible at all times.

Do not place any container holding liquid near the AdaptDx.

### 8.3 Cables / Connectivity Guidelines

The following cable and connectivity guidelines must be followed to ensure compliance with the electromagnetic compatibility. Do not attempt to connect cables, USB hubs or devices to the AdaptDx other than those listed.

Cable / Connectivity Guidance			
Item	Maximum Length	Comments	
AC Power Cable (UL/CSA)	8 ft / 2.4 m	Use only cable supplied by MacuLogix	
AC Power Cable (EU)	8.2 ft / 2.5 m	Use only cable supplied by MacuLogix	
AC Power Cable (UK)	8.2 ft / 2.5 m	Use only cable supplied by MacuLogix	
AC Power Cable (Switzerland)	8.2 ft / 2.5 m	Use only cable supplied by MacuLogix	
Patient Response button with integrated cable	6 ft / 1.8 m	Use only cable supplied by MacuLogix	
USB Flash Storage Device (Thumb Drive)	0 ft / 0 m	Connect thumb drive directly to a USB port on the rear of the AdaptDx. Do not connect using an extension cable.	
USB Keyboard	6 ft / 1.8 m		
Network Patch Cable	50 ft / 15 m	Cable between the AdaptDx and the RJ45 wall jack of facility wiring should be kept as short as practical while providing for a safe environment.	

#### 8.4 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

The AdaptDx needs special precautions regarding EMC and needs to be installed and put into service according to the EMC information provided herein.

WARNING: Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) should be used no closer than 30 cm (12 inches) to any part of the AdaptDx, including cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment could result. Please see section below regarding recommended separation distances.

WARNING: The use of accessories, transducers, or cables with the AdaptDx other than those specified may result in increased emissions or decreased immunity of the AdaptDx.

WARNING: The AdaptDx should not be used adjacent to or stacked with other equipment. If adjacent or stacked use is necessary, the equipment or system should be observed to verify normal operation in the configuration in which it will be used.

NOTE: The AdaptDx contains a certified WiFi module. The WiFi device was not tested as part of the IEC 60601-1-2 evaluation.

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic emissions				
The AdaptDx is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The				
customer or the user of the	ne AdaptDx should a	assure that it is used in such an environment.		
Emissions test Compliance Electromagnetic environment – guidance				
		The AdaptDx uses RF energy only for its		
RF Emissions	Group 1	internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions		
CISPR 11		are very low and are not likely to cause any		
		interference in nearby electronic equipment.		
RF Emissions	Class B			
CISPR 11		The AdaptDx is suitable for use in a typical commercial or hospital environment		
Harmonic Emissions	Class B			
IEC 61000-3-2		connected to the public low-voltage power		
Voltage fluctuations/		supply network.		
flicker emissions	Complies	supply network.		
IEC 61000-3-3				

Guidan	ce and manufacture	er's declaration – ele	ectromagnetic immunity	
			vironment specified below. The	
customer or the user of the AdaptDx should assure that it is used in such an environment.				
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment – guidance	
Electrostatic	±8 kV contact	±8 kV contact	Floors should be wood, concrete	
discharge (ESD)			or ceramic tile. If floors are	
IEC 61000-4-2	<b>•</b> • • •		covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.	
Electrical fast	±2 kV for power	±2 kV for power	Mains power quality should be	
transient/burst	supply lines	supply lines	that of a typical commercial or	
IEC 61000-4-4	supply lines	supply lines	hospital environment.	
10000-4-4	±1 kV for	±1 kV for	nospital environment.	
	input/output	input/output		
	lines	lines		
Surge	±1 kV differential	±1 kV differential	Mains power quality should be	
IEC 61000-4-5	mode	mode	that of a typical commercial or	
			hospital environment.	
	±2 kV common	±2 kV common		
	mode	mode		
Voltage dips,	<5% U <sub>T</sub>	<5% U⊤	Mains power quality should be	
short	(>95% dip in U⊤)	(>95% dip in U⊤)	that of a typical commercial or	
interruptions and	for 0,5 cycle at	for 0,5 cycle at	hospital environment. If the user	
voltage	0°, 45°, 90°,	0°, 45°, 90°,	of the AdaptDx requires	
variations on	135°, 180°, 225°,	135°, 180°, 225°,	continued operation during	
bower supply 270° and 315°. 270° and 315°.		power mains interruptions, it is		
input lines			recommended that the AdaptDx	
IEC 61000-4-11	70% U <sub>T</sub>	70% U <sub>T</sub>	be powered from an	
	(30% dip in U <sub>T</sub> )	(30% dip in U <sub>T</sub> )	uninterruptible power supply.	
	for 0.5 sec.	for 0.5 sec.		
	<5% U⊤	<5% U⊤		
	<5% 0⊤ (>95% dip in U⊤)	<5% 0⊤ (>95% dip in U⊤)		
	for 5 sec.	for 5 sec.		
Power frequency	30 A/m	30 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields	
(50/60 Hz)			should be at levels characteristic	
magnetic field			of a typical location in a typical	
IEC 61000-4-8			commercial or hospital	
			environment.	
NOTE $U_T$ is the a	.c. mains voltage pri	or to application of	the test level.	

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity				
The AdaptDx is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The				
customer or the user of the AdaptDx should assure that it is used in such an environment.				
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Complies	Electromagnetic environment – guidance	
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz 6 Vrms ISM bands	Yes	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the AdaptDx, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter. Recommended separation distance	
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	3 V/m	Yes	$d = 1.17\sqrt{P}$ $d = 1.17\sqrt{P}$ 80 MHz to 800 MHz	
IEC 61000-4-3 80 MHz to 2,5 GHz 9 V/m 5.1GHz to 5.8GHz		$d = 2.33\sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to 2,5 GHz where <i>P</i> is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and <i>d</i> is the recommended separation distance in meters (m).		
			Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, <sup>a</sup> should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range. <sup>b</sup>	
NOTE 1 At 80 M	Hz and 800 MHz the	hish su fus su	Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked $(((\bullet)))$ with the following symbol:	

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection form structures, objects and people.

<sup>a</sup> Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM broadcast, cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the AdaptDx is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the AdaptDx should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating the AdaptDx.

<sup>b</sup> Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.

# Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communication equipment and the AdaptDx

The AdaptDx is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the AdaptDx can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the AdaptDx as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter			
Rated maximum	m			
output power of	150 kHz to 80 MHz	150 kHz to 80 MHz	150 kHz to 80 MHz	
transmitter				
W	$d = 1.17\sqrt{P}$	$d = 1.17\sqrt{P}$	$d = 2.33\sqrt{P}$	
0,01	0.12	0.12	0.23	
0,1	0.37	0.37	0.74	
1	1.17	1.17	2.33	
10	3.70	3.70	7.37	
100	100 11.70		23.30	

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection of structures, objects and people.

# **Appendix A: XML File Formats**

#### A.1 XML Test Report

When "Print to XML" is selected as the print destination (see Section 5.2.3) and the Print to XML button is touched on a screen displaying a test report, an XML file containing the test report data elements is copied onto an attached USB drive. The XML file is named "AdaptDx <Last Name>,<First Name> <MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm>.xml", where <MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm>" is the date and time of the test included in the report. If two test reports are selected, the data elements for both are placed in the same XML file and the time stamp is the date and time of the report.

#### A.1.1 XML Test Report File Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!-- MacuLogix Test Report(s) Export -->
<MacuLogixTestReport>
<LimitedLicenseWarning>
 Terms of use prohibit use of this data for clinical studies intended to provide a definitive assessment of therapeutic efficacy.
 </LimitedLicenseWarning>
 <ClinicInfo>
 <clinic name>Demo System</clinic name>
 <clinic_address1>3721 TechPort Dr.</clinic_address1>
 <clinic_address2>Suite 301</clinic_address2>
  <clinic_city>Harrisburg</clinic_city>
 <clinic state>PA</clinic state>
 <clinic_zip>17111</clinic_zip>
 <clinic_phone>1-888-392-6801</clinic_phone>
 <clinic_email>info@maculogix.com</clinic_email>
 </ClinicInfo>
 <Patient>
  <last_name>Doe</last_name>
  <first_name>Jane</first_name>
  <middle_name>X.</middle_name>
  <sex>F</sex>
 <date_of_birth>01-01-1948</date_of_birth>
  <age_at_test>64</age_at_test>
  <patient_identifier>GHL2009</patient_identifier>
  <Test>
   <test_eye>left</test_eye>
   <test_date>12-15-2012</test_date>
   <test_time>11:30</test_time>
   <protocol_name>Rapid Test</protocol_name>
   <pupil_size_mm>6.5</pupil_size_mm>
   <prescription_spherical>+1.0</prescription_spherical>
   <prescription _cylindrical >+3.0</prescription _cylindrical >
   <prescription _axis >45</prescription _axis >
   <trial_lens_spherical>+4.0</trial_lens_spherical>
   < trial_lens_cylindrical >+3.0</ trial_lens_cylindrical >
   < trial lens axis >45</ trial lens axis >
   <Threshold>
    <threshold_time_minutes>0.56</threshold_time_minutes>
    <threshold_value>2.3</threshold_value>
    <threshold validity>true</threshold validity>
   </Threshold>
```

<Threshold> <threshold\_time\_minutes>1.29</threshold\_time\_minutes> <threshold value>2.3</threshold value> <threshold\_validity>true</threshold\_validity> </Threshold> <Threshold> <threshold\_time\_minutes>1.90</threshold\_time\_minutes> <threshold\_value>2.4</threshold\_value> <threshold\_validity>true</threshold\_validity> </Threshold> <Threshold> <threshold\_time\_minutes>2.61</threshold\_time\_minutes> <threshold\_value>2.7</threshold\_value> <threshold\_validity>true</threshold\_validity> </Threshold> <Threshold> <threshold\_time\_minutes>5.35</threshold\_time\_minutes> <threshold\_value>3.6</threshold\_value> <threshold\_validity>true</threshold\_validity> </Threshold> <rod\_intercept\_minutes>3.45</rod\_intercept\_minutes> <fixation\_error\_rate>0.0000</fixation\_error\_rate> <rod\_intercept\_message>Rod Intercept is 3.45.</rod\_intercept\_message> <fixation\_error\_message>Fixation Error Rate is 0%.</fixation\_error\_message> <bleach\_error\_message></bleach\_error\_message> <main\_graph\_diagnostic\_message></main\_graph\_diagnostic\_message> <operator\_comment>Took test well </operator\_comment> </Test> </Patient> </MacuLogixTestReport>

## A.1.2 XML Test Report Data Element Descriptions

Element/Tag Name	Description		
<maculogixtestreport></maculogixtestreport>	Beginning of test report		
<limitedlicensewarning></limitedlicensewarning>	Contains the limited license warning message		
<clinicinfo></clinicinfo>	Clinic information section		
<clinic name=""></clinic>	Clinic name		
<pre></pre> <pre></pre>	Line 1 of the clinic address		
<pre></pre>	Line 2 of the clinic address		
<clinic city=""></clinic>	Clinic city		
<clinic state=""></clinic>	Clinic state		
<clinic zip=""></clinic>	Clinic zip code		
<clinic_phone></clinic_phone>	Clinic phone number		
<clinic email=""></clinic>	Clinic contact email		
<patient></patient>	Patient information section		
<last name=""></last>	Patient last name		
<first_name></first_name>	Patient first name		
<middle_name></middle_name>	Patient middle name		
<sex></sex>	Patient sex (M = male, F = female)		
<date_of_birth></date_of_birth>	Patient date of birth (MM-DD-YYYY)		
<age_at_test></age_at_test>	Patient age at test date in years		
<patient_identifier></patient_identifier>	Patient medical identifier		
<test></test>	Test information section		
<test></test>	(will be repeated for multiple tests)		
<test_eye></test_eye>	Test eye (right or left)		
<test_date></test_date>	Test date (MM-DD-YYYY)		
<test_time></test_time>	Test time (HH:MM, 24-hour format)		
<protocol_name></protocol_name>	Test protocol name		
<pupil_size_mm></pupil_size_mm>	Pupil size in millimeters (2.0 to 10.0, required)		
<prescription_spherical></prescription_spherical>	Prescription spherical correction (-19.0 to +13.0, optional)		
<prescription_cylindrical></prescription_cylindrical>	Prescription cylindrical correction (-5.0 to +5.0, optional)		
<prescription_axis></prescription_axis>	Prescription axis correction (0° to 180°, optional)		
<trial_lens_spherical></trial_lens_spherical>	Trial lens spherical correction (-16.0 to +16.0, optional)		
<trial_lens_cylindrical></trial_lens_cylindrical>	Trial lens cylindrical correction (+1.5 to +5.0, optional)		
<trial_lens_axis></trial_lens_axis>	Trial lens axis correction (0° to 180°, optional)		
<threshold></threshold>	Threshold information section		
	(will be repeated for multiple thresholds, or absent for no thresholds)		
<threshold_time_minutes></threshold_time_minutes>	Threshold time in minutes		
<threshold_value></threshold_value>	Threshold value in log-units		
<threshold_validity></threshold_validity>	Threshold validity (true or false)		
<rod_intercept_minutes></rod_intercept_minutes>	Rod Intercept time in minutes		
<fixation_error_rate></fixation_error_rate>	Fixation Error Rate percentage (0 – 100)		
<rod_intercept_message></rod_intercept_message>	Rod Intercept message		
<fixation_error_message></fixation_error_message>	Fixation Error Rate message		
<pre></pre>	Bleaching Error message if present		
<main_graph_diagnostic_message></main_graph_diagnostic_message>	Operator termination message if present		
<operator_comment></operator_comment>	Operator comment (optional)		

#### A.2 XML History Report

When "Print to XML" is selected as the print destination (see Section 5.2.3) and the Print to XML button is touched on the View Patient History screen, an XML file containing the history report data elements is copied onto an attached USB drive. The XML file is named "AdaptDx <Last Name>,<First Name><MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm> History.xml", where <MM-DD-YYYY><hhmm>" is the date and time of the most recent test included in the history report.

#### A.2.1 XML History Report File Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!-- MacuLogix History Report Export -->
<MacuLogixHistoryReport>
<LimitedLicenseWarning>
 Terms of use prohibit use of this data for clinical studies intended to provide a definitive assessment of therapeutic efficacy.
</LimitedLicenseWarning>
 <ClinicInfo>
 <clinic_name>Demo System</clinic_name>
 <clinic address1>3721 TechPort Dr.</clinic address1>
 <clinic address2>Suite 301</clinic address2>
 <clinic city>Harrisburg</clinic city>
 <clinic_state>PA</clinic_state>
 <clinic_zip>17111</clinic_zip>
 <clinic phone>1-888-392-6801</clinic phone>
 <clinic_email>info@maculogix.com</clinic_email>
 </ClinicInfo>
 <Patient>
 <last name>Doe</last name>
 <first_name>Jane</first_name>
 <middle_name>X</middle_name>
  <sex>M</sex>
 <date_of_birth>01-01-1948</date_of_birth>
  <patient_identifier> GHL2009</patient_identifier>
  <TestHistory>
   <protocol_name>Rapid Test</protocol_name>
   <RightEye>
    <Test>
     <test_date>05-01-2012</test_date>
     <test_time>15:40</test_time>
     <test_duration_minutes>6.00</test_duration_minutes>
     <test_validity>false</test_validity>
     <rod_intercept_minutes>5.50</rod_intercept_minutes>
    </Test>
    <Test>
     <test_date>05-01-2013</test_date>
     <test_time>15:47</test_time>
     <test_duration_minutes>6.10</test_duration_minutes>
     <test validity>true</test validity>
     <rod_intercept_minutes>5.55</rod_intercept_minutes>
    </Test>
    <Test>
     <test date>05-01-2014</test date>
     <test_time>15:57</test_time>
     <test_duration_minutes>6.00</test_duration_minutes>
     <test_validity>true</test_validity>
```

<rod\_intercept\_minutes>5.10</rod\_intercept\_minutes> </Test> </RightEye> <LeftEye> <Test> <test\_date>05-01-2012</test\_date> <test\_time>15:42</test\_time> <test\_duration\_minutes>5.00</test\_duration\_minutes> <test\_validity>false</test\_validity> <rod\_intercept\_minutes>4.50</rod\_intercept\_minutes> </Test> <Test> <test\_date>05-01-2013</test\_date> <test\_time>15:52</test\_time> <test\_duration\_minutes>5.20</test\_duration\_minutes> <test\_validity>true</test\_validity> <rod\_intercept\_minutes>4.25</rod\_intercept\_minutes> </Test> </LeftEye> </TestHistory> </Patient> </MacuLogixHistoryReport>

A.2.2	XML History Report Data Element Descriptions
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Element/Tag Name	Description		
<maculogixhistoryreport></maculogixhistoryreport>	Beginning of history report		
<limitedlicensewarning></limitedlicensewarning>	Contains the limited license warning message		
<clinicinfo></clinicinfo>	Clinic information section		
<clinic_name></clinic_name>	Clinic name		
<clinic_address1></clinic_address1>	Line 1 of the clinic address		
<clinic_address2></clinic_address2>	Line 2 of the clinic address		
<clinic_city></clinic_city>	Clinic city		
<clinic_state></clinic_state>	Clinic state		
<clinic_zip></clinic_zip>	Clinic zip code		
<clinic_phone></clinic_phone>	Clinic phone number		
<clinic_email></clinic_email>	Clinic contact email		
<patient></patient>	Patient information section		
<last_name></last_name>	Patient last name		
<first_name></first_name>	Patient first name		
<middle_name></middle_name>	Patient middle name		
<sex></sex>	Patient sex (M = male, F = female)		
<date_of_birth></date_of_birth>	Patient date of birth (MM-DD-YYYY)		
<patient_identifier></patient_identifier>	Patient medical identifier		
<testhistory></testhistory>	History information section		
<protocol_name></protocol_name>	Test protocol name		
<righteye></righteye>	Right eye test(s) section		
<test></test>	Test(s) information		
	(will be repeated for multiple tests, or absent for no tests)		
<test_date></test_date>	Test date (MM-DD-YYYY)		
<test_time></test_time>	Test time (HH:MM, 24-hour format)		
<threshold_duration_minutes></threshold_duration_minutes>	Test duration in minutes		
<test_validity></test_validity>	Test validity (true or false)		
<rod_intercept_minutes></rod_intercept_minutes>	Rod Intercept time in minutes		
<lefteye></lefteye>	Left eye test(s) section		
<test></test>	Test(s) information		
	(will be repeated for multiple tests, or absent for no tests)		
<test_date></test_date>	Test date (MM-DD-YYYY)		
<test_time></test_time>	Test time (HH:MM, 24-hour format)		
<threshold_duration_minutes></threshold_duration_minutes>	Test duration in minutes		
<test_validity></test_validity>	Test validity (true or false)		
<rod_intercept_minutes></rod_intercept_minutes>	Rod Intercept time in minutes		

## **Revision History**

Rev	DCR	Date	Author	Description
1		12/7/2018	Rick Stutz	Added in documentation for new features, including Time Zone, WiFi Connections, Special Keys, Encrypted EHR Passwords, Spaces in EHR Share Names, Striping Spaces in EHR Filenames. Fixes and edits throughout for grammar, spelling, and functionality. Style adjustments for consistency. Updated screenshots. Updated to v5.0.0.
1		1/22/2019	Rick Stutz	Minor text changes and screenshot updates.
1		2/13/2019	Rick Stutz	Minor text changes.